

SALUD MATERNOINFANTIL EN AFRICA.



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Ilustraciones: OMS, UN.

Campaña de sensibilización de
Juan Ciudad ONGD
www.madresconsalud.org



OBJETIVOS:

Estimular la discusión sobre el desarrollo de los Objetivos del Milenio de Naciones Unidas.

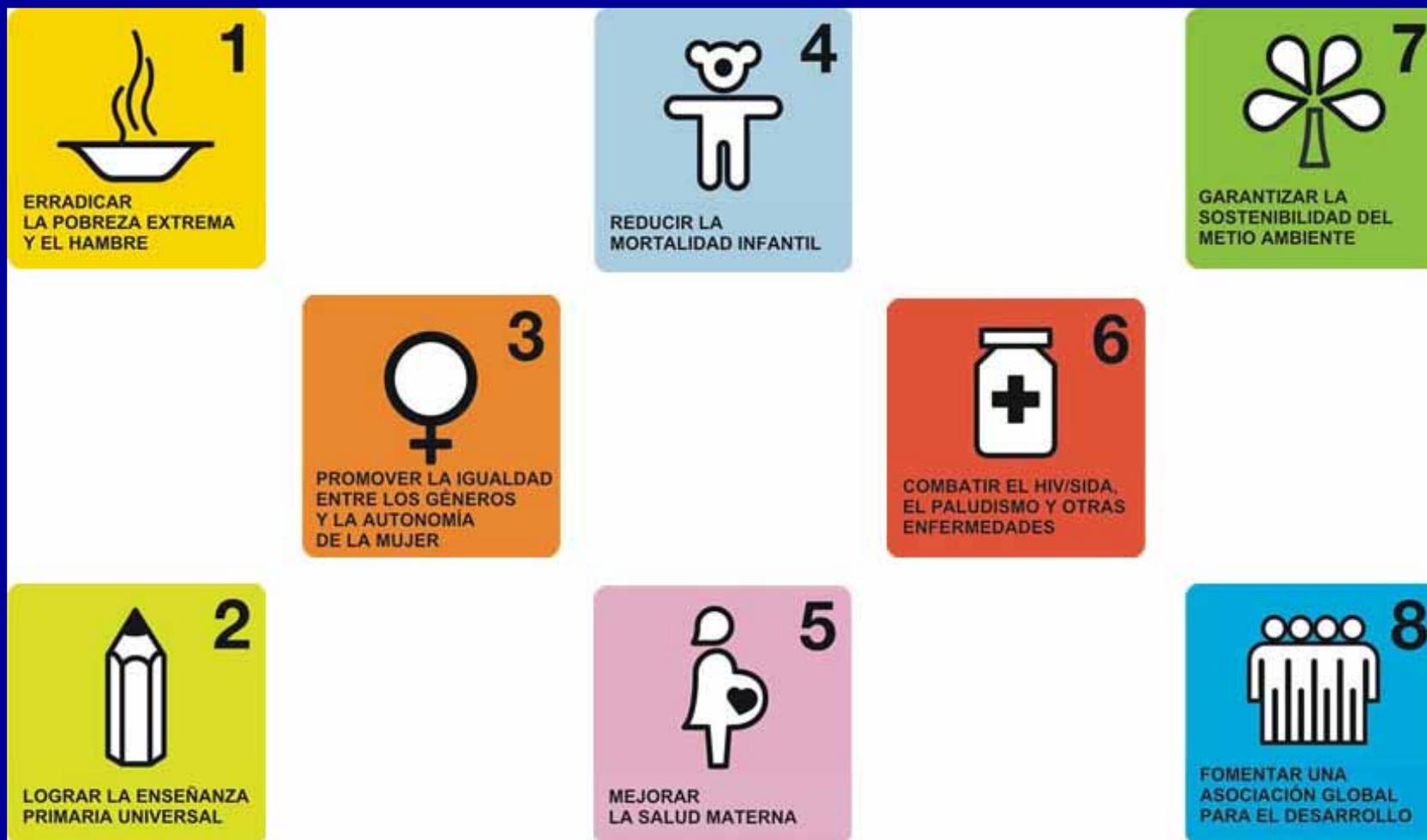
Estado actual de la Salud maternoinfantil (MI) en Africa.

Información sobre los objetivos principales de la ONGD Juan Ciudad

Descripción de los datos sobre salud MI en aquellos países africanos en los que desarrollamos nuestros principales proyectos de cooperación.

Nuestra experiencia en un proyecto singular, “Cinco años desarrollando una Campaña Asistencial y Docente de Cirugía Pediátrica en África”

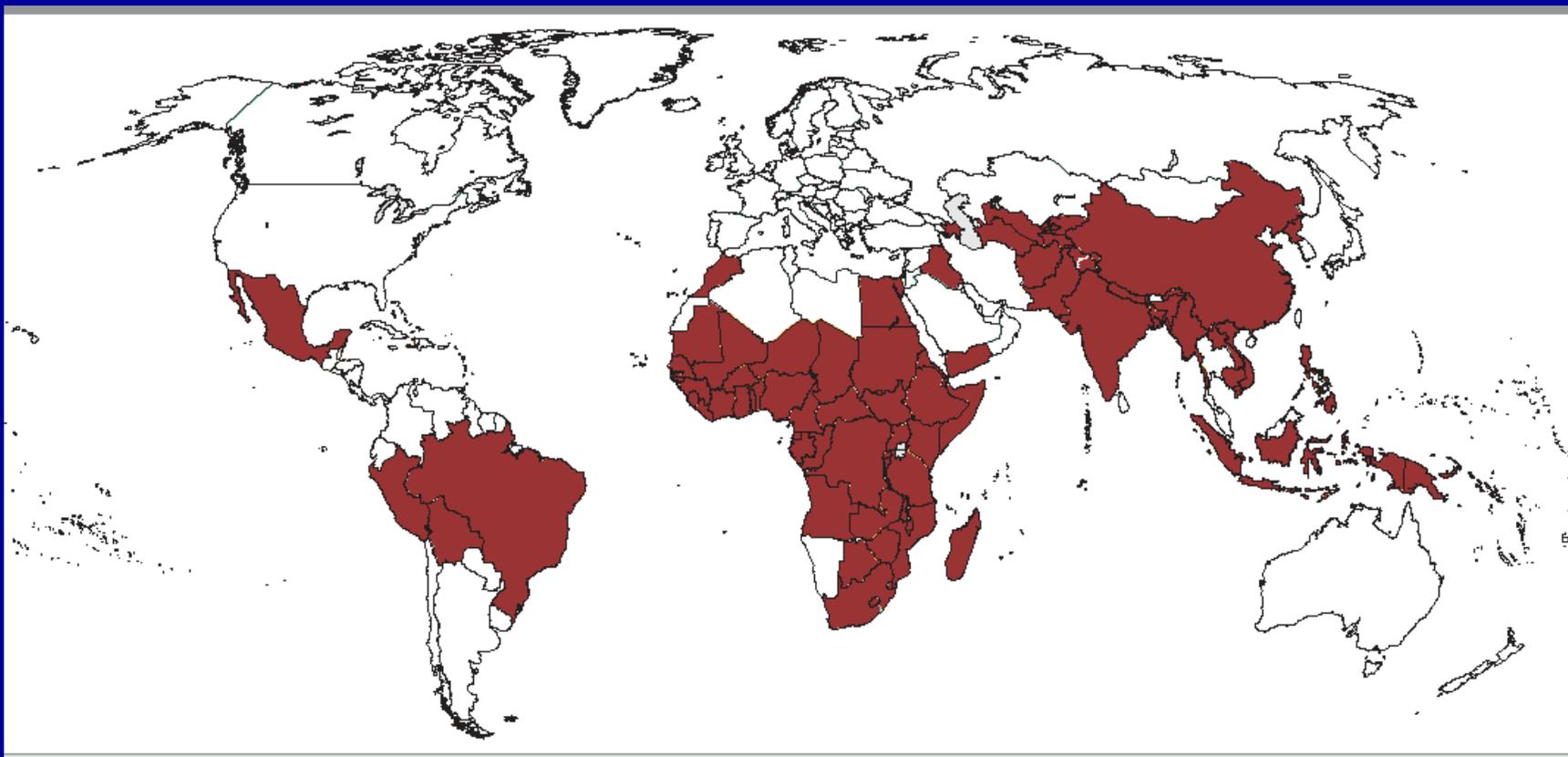
OBJETIVOS DEL MILENIO



En el año 2000, los 189 países miembros de Naciones Unidas acordaron conseguir para el año 2015, los 8 objetivos esenciales para la vida digna.

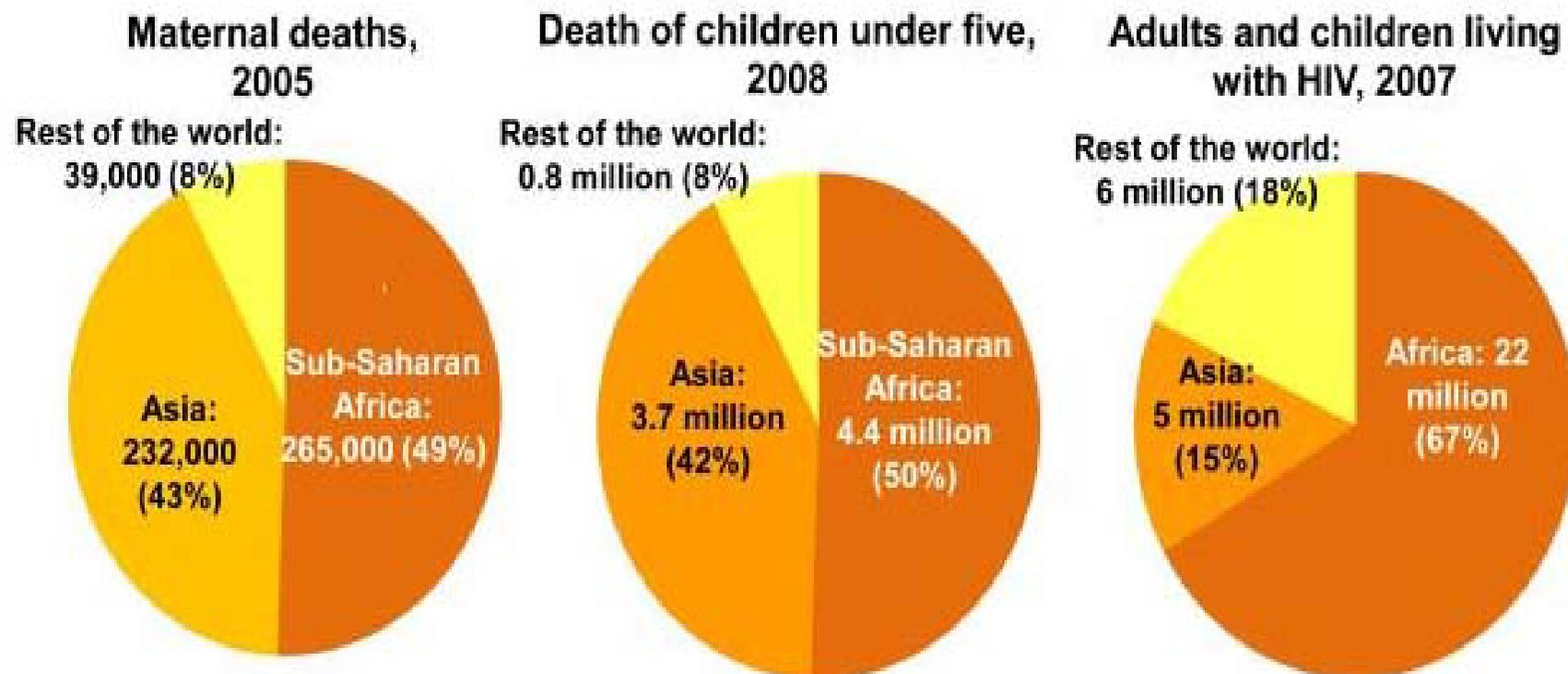
LAS JOYAS DE LA INDIGNIDAD:

Los 75 países que juntos aglutinan el 95 % de las muertes materno infantiles de todo el mundo.



DISTRIBUCION REGIONAL DE LOS INDICADORES DE SALUD

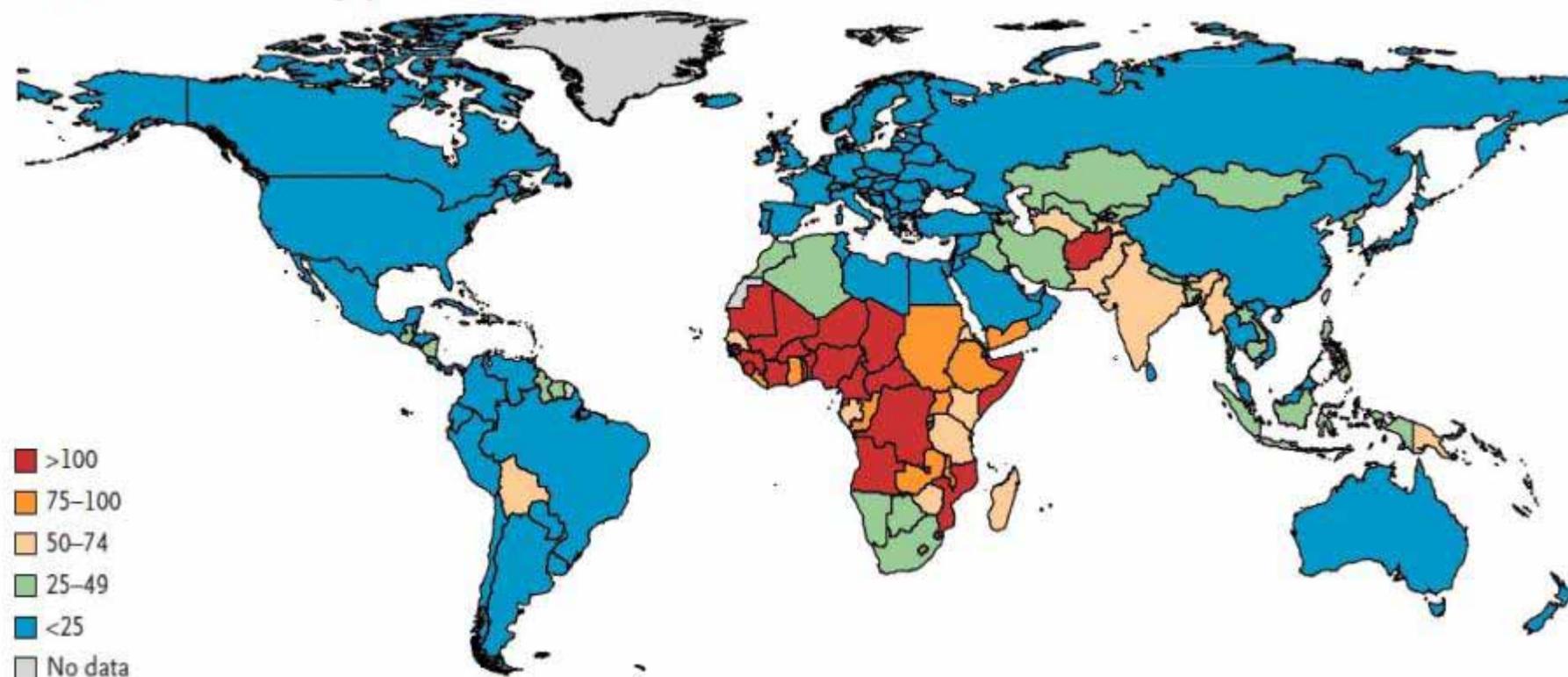
Regional distribution of the global burden for maternal mortality, child mortality, and HIV/AIDS



MORTALIDAD INFANTIL

En < 5 años por cada 1000 RN vivos

C Deaths in Children <5 Yr of Age per 1000 Live Births in 2011



MORTALIDAD INFANTIL

En < 5 años por cada 1000 RN vivos

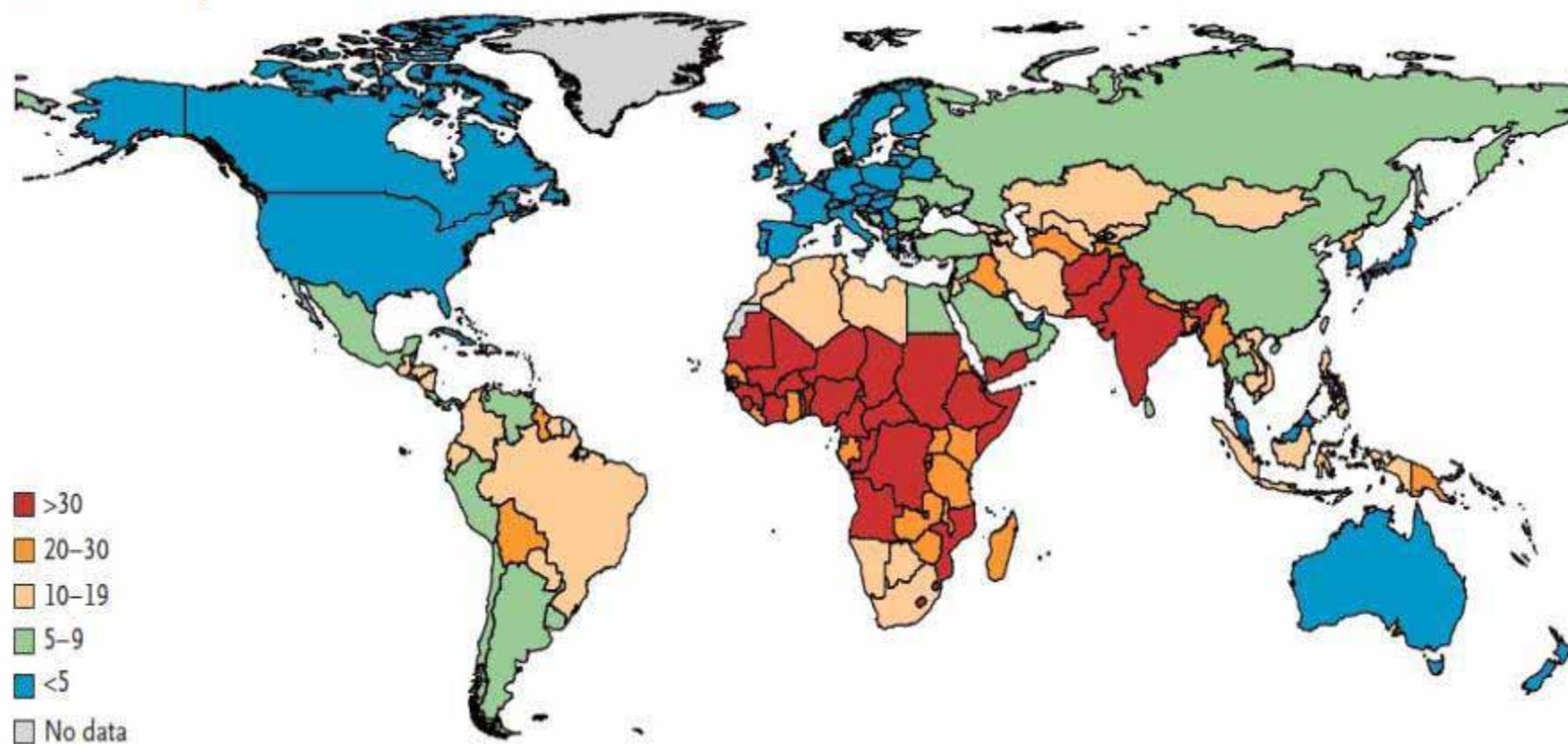


Eritrea	49	-	141	93	61	-	4,2	4,2	4,2	57	34	-	-1,5x	6,6	6,2	4,5	0,3	1,7
Eslovaquia	145	-	18	12	8	-	4,1	4,1	4,1	56	33	-	3,7	2,5	2,0	1,3	1,0	2,2
Eslovenia	186	-	10	5	3	-	6,8	5,1	6,0	70	40	-	3,3	2,3	1,5	1,4	2,0	0,2
♥ España	165	29	11	7	5	4,8	4,5	3,4	3,9	55	29	1,9	2,1	2,9	1,3	1,5	3,8	-0,4
Estados Unidos	145	23	11	9	8	3,7	2,0	1,2	1,6	27	11	2,1	1,8	2,2	1,9	2,1	0,7	-0,3
Estonia	165	-	21	13	5	-	4,8	9,6	7,2	76	62	1,5x	5,0	2,1	1,9	1,7	0,4	0,7
Etiopia	23	247	184	141	106	1,5	2,7	2,9	2,8	42	25	-	2,9	6,8	7,1	4,2	-0,2	2,6

MORTALIDAD NEONATAL

En < 30 días por cada 1000 RN vivos

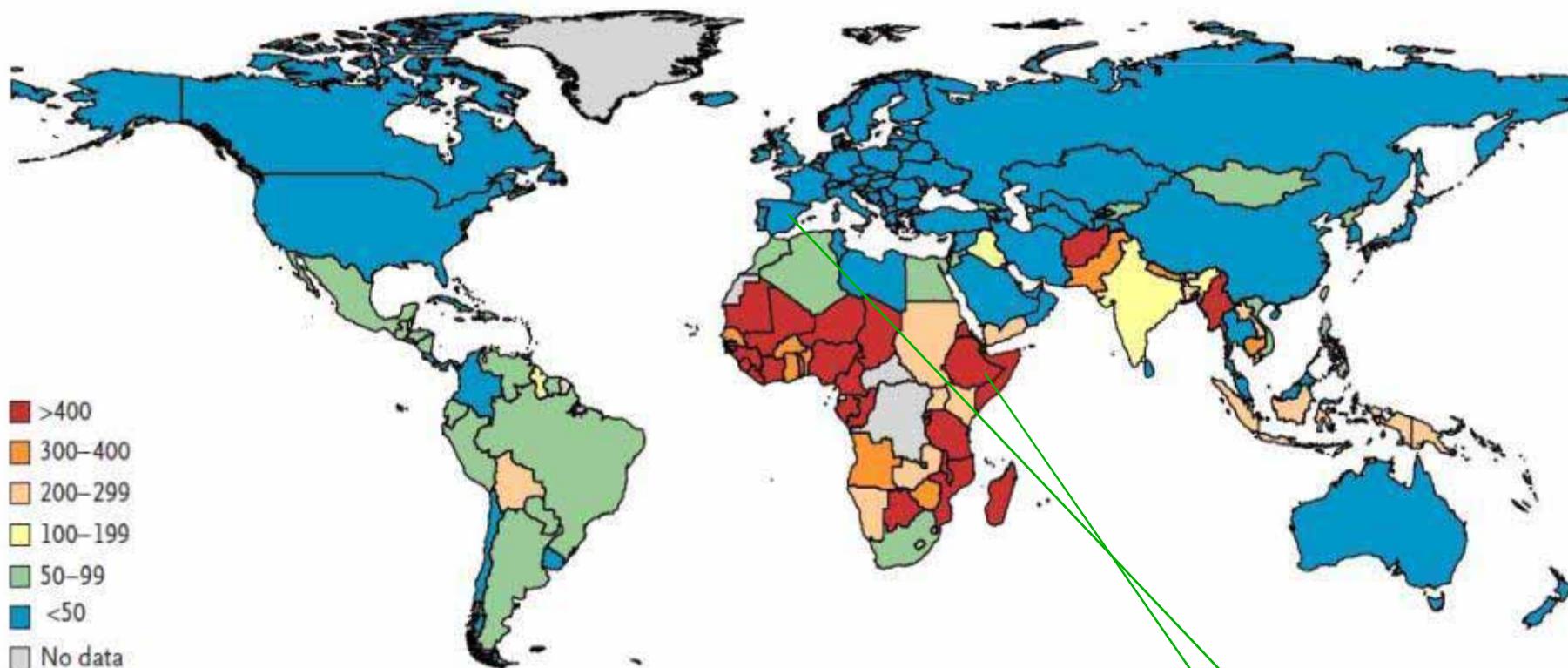
B Neonatal Deaths per 1000 Live Births in 2011



MORTALIDAD MATERNA

Por cada 100.000 RN vivos

A Maternal Deaths per 100,000 Live Births in 2010



Eritrea	108	72	83	71	–	8 x	70 x	41 x	28 x	26 x	5 x	–	280	72
Eslovaquia	111	–	99	101	–	–	97 x	–	100	–	24	10	6	13.300
Eslovenia	109	100	99	100	–	–	100 x	–	100	–	–	10	18	4.100
España ♡	108	98	99	104	–	66	–	–	–	–	26	–	6	11.400
Estados Unidos	107	–	101	101	–	79	–	–	–	–	31	13	24	2.100
Estonia	115	100	99	103	–	–	–	–	100	–	–	7	12	5.300
Etiopia ♡	106	43	91	77	107	15 x	28 x	12 x	6 x	5 x	1	670 x	470	40

TABLA 8: SITUACION DE LAS MUJERES

Países y territorios	Esperanza de vida: mujeres con respecto al % de hombres 2010	Tasa de alfabetización de adultos: mujeres con respecto al % de hombres 2005-2010*	Tasas de matriculación: mujeres como % de hombres		Tasa de supervivencia hasta el último grado de primaria: mujeres como % de hombres 2006-2009*	Prevalencia de anti-conceptivos (%) 2006-2010*	Tasa de cobertura de la atención prenatal (%)		Cobertura de atención obstétrica (%)			Tasa de mortalidad derivada de la maternidad*		
			Primaria TBM 2007-2010*	Secundaria TBM 2007-2010*			Por lo menos una vez 2006-2010*	Por lo menos 4 veces 2006-2010*	Nacimientos atendidos por personal especializado 2006-2010*	Partos en instituciones 2006-2010*	Cesárea	2006-2010*		Riesgo de mortalidad de la madre en su vida: 1 en:
												2006-2010*	2008	
Afganistán	101	-	67	49	94 x	23	36	-	24	13 x	-	1.600 x	1.400	11
Albania	108	97	97	101	101	69	97	67	99	97	19	21	31	1.700
Alemania	106	-	100	95	-	-	100 x	-	-	-	29	-	7	11.100
Andorra	-	-	101	108	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Angola	106	70	81	-	97 x	6 x	80	-	47	46	-	-	610	29
Antigua y Barbuda	-	101	94	100	-	-	100	-	100	-	-	-	-	-
Arabia Saudita	103	90	96	86	-	24	97	-	97	-	-	-	24	1.300
Argelia	104	79	94	102	100	61	89	-	95	95	-	-	120	340
Argentina	110	100	99	114	-	78 x	99 x	89 x	98	99	-	55	70	600
Armenia	109	100	103	103	100	55	99	71 x	100	99	18	27	29	1.900
Australia	106	-	100	96	-	71 x	98	92	-	99	31	-	8	7.400
Austria	107	-	99	96	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	5	14.300
Azerbaiyán	109	99	99	103	100	51	77	45	88	78	5	24	38	1.200
Bahamas	109	-	100	103	-	45 x	98	-	99	-	-	-	49	1.000
Bahrein	102	98	98	104	102 x	-	100	-	97	-	-	-	19	2.200
Bangladesh	102	84	104	112	103	53	53	23	27	23	12	190	340	110
Barbados	109	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	100	-	-	-	64	1.100
Belarús	118	100	102	102	100	73 x	99 x	-	100	100 x	22	1	15	5.100
Bélgica	107	-	100	97	-	75 x	-	-	-	-	18	-	5	10.900
Belice	104	-	97	108	102	34	94	-	95	88	-	57	94	330
Benin	107	54	88	-	95	17	84	61	74	78	4	400	410	43
Bhután	106	59	101	99	105	66	97	77	65	63	12	260 x	200	170
Bolivia (Estado Plurinacional de)	107	91	99	98	98	61	86	72	71	68	19	310	180	150
Eritrea	108	72	83	71	-	8 x	70 x	41 x	28 x	26 x	3 x	-	280	72
Eslovaquia	111	-	99	101	-	-	97 x	-	100	-	24	10	6	13.300
Eslovenia	109	100	99	100	-	-	100 x	-	100	-	-	10	18	4.100
España 	108	98	99	104	-	66	-	-	-	-	26	-	6	11.400
Estados Unidos	107	-	101	101	-	79	-	-	-	-	31	13	24	2.100
Estonia	115	100	99	103	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	7	12	5.300
Etiopía 	106	43	91	77	107	15 x	28 x	12 x	6 x	5 x	1	670 x	470	40

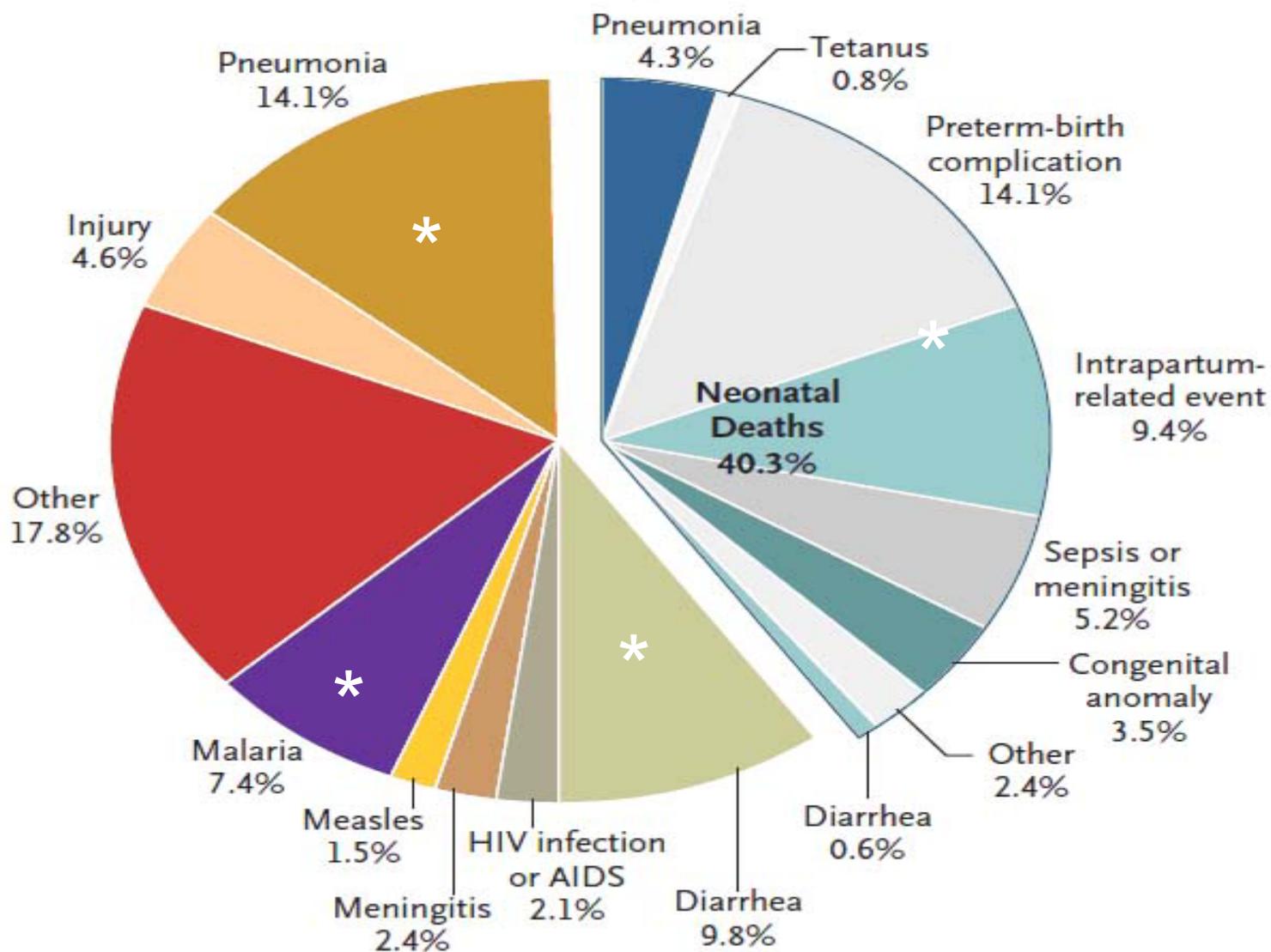
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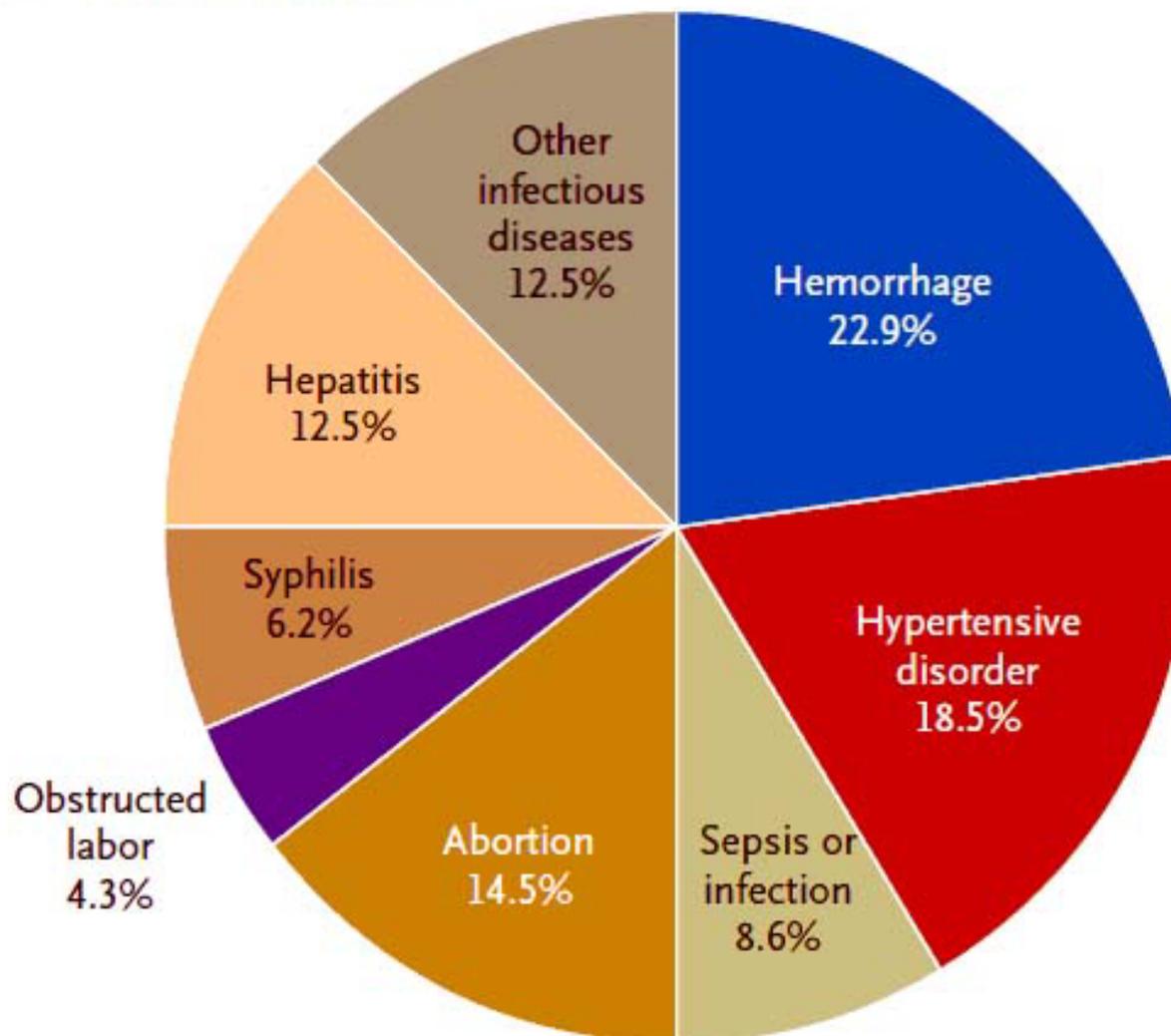
CAUSAS DE MORTALIDAD INFANTIL EN AFRICA

A Causes of Death in Children <5 Yr of Age



CAUSAS DE MORTALIDAD MATERNA EN AFRICA

B Causes of Maternal Death



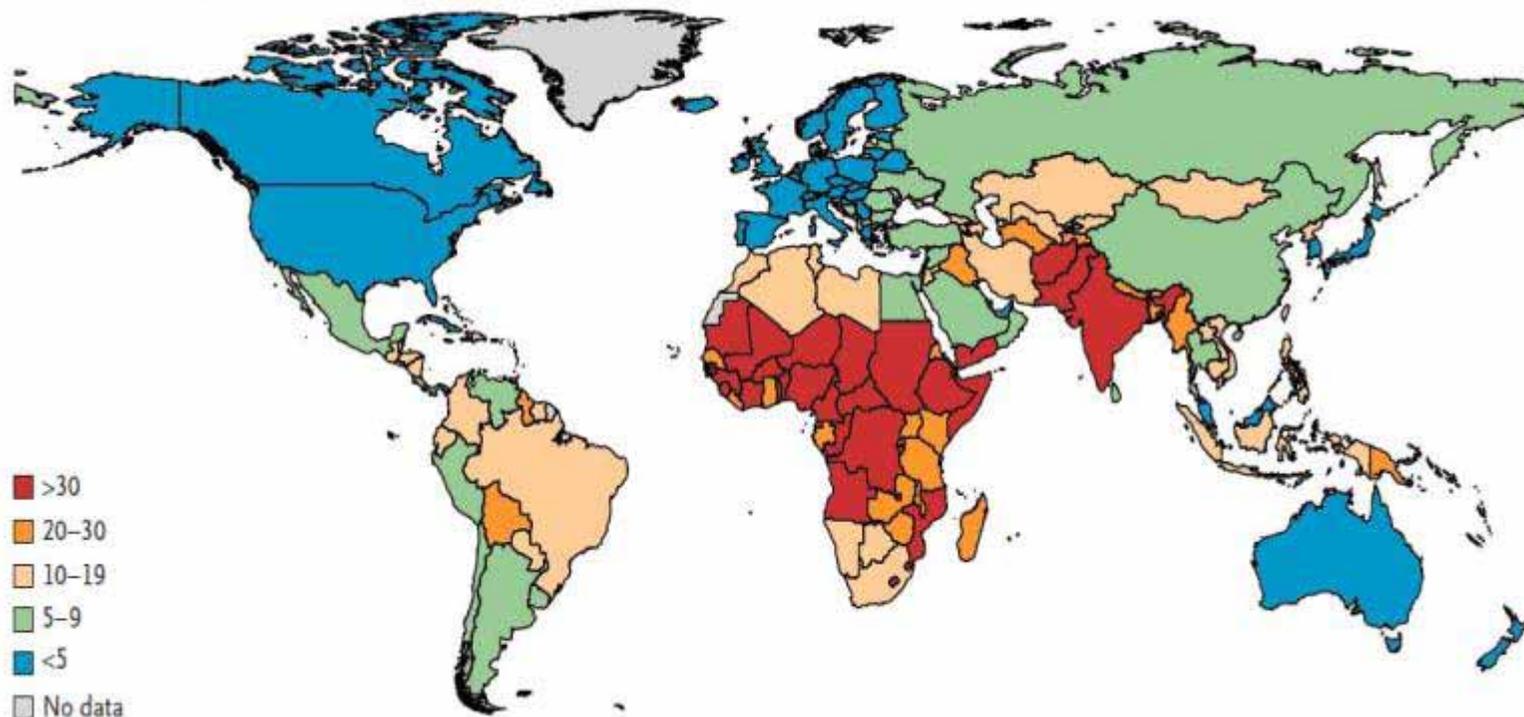
Policy Forum

Sub-Saharan Africa's Mothers, Newborns, and Children: Where and Why Do They Die?

Mary V. Kinney¹, Kate J. Kerber¹, Robert E. Black², Barney Cohen³, Francis Nkrumah⁴, Hoosen Coovadia⁵, Paul Michael Nampala⁶, Joy E. Lawn^{1*}, on behalf of the *Science in Action: Saving the lives of Africa's mothers, newborns, and children working group*

¹ Saving Newborn Lives/Save the Children, Cape Town, South Africa, ² John Hopkins University Bloomberg School of Public Health, Baltimore, Maryland, United States of America, ³ United States National Academy of Sciences, Washington, DC, United States of America, ⁴ Ghana Academy of Arts and Science, Accra, Ghana, ⁵ The Universities of Kwazulu-Natal and the Witwatersrand, Durban, South Africa, ⁶ Uganda National Academy of Sciences, Uganda

B Neonatal Deaths per 1000 Live Births in 2011



CAUSAS DE LAS CAUSAS...WHY?

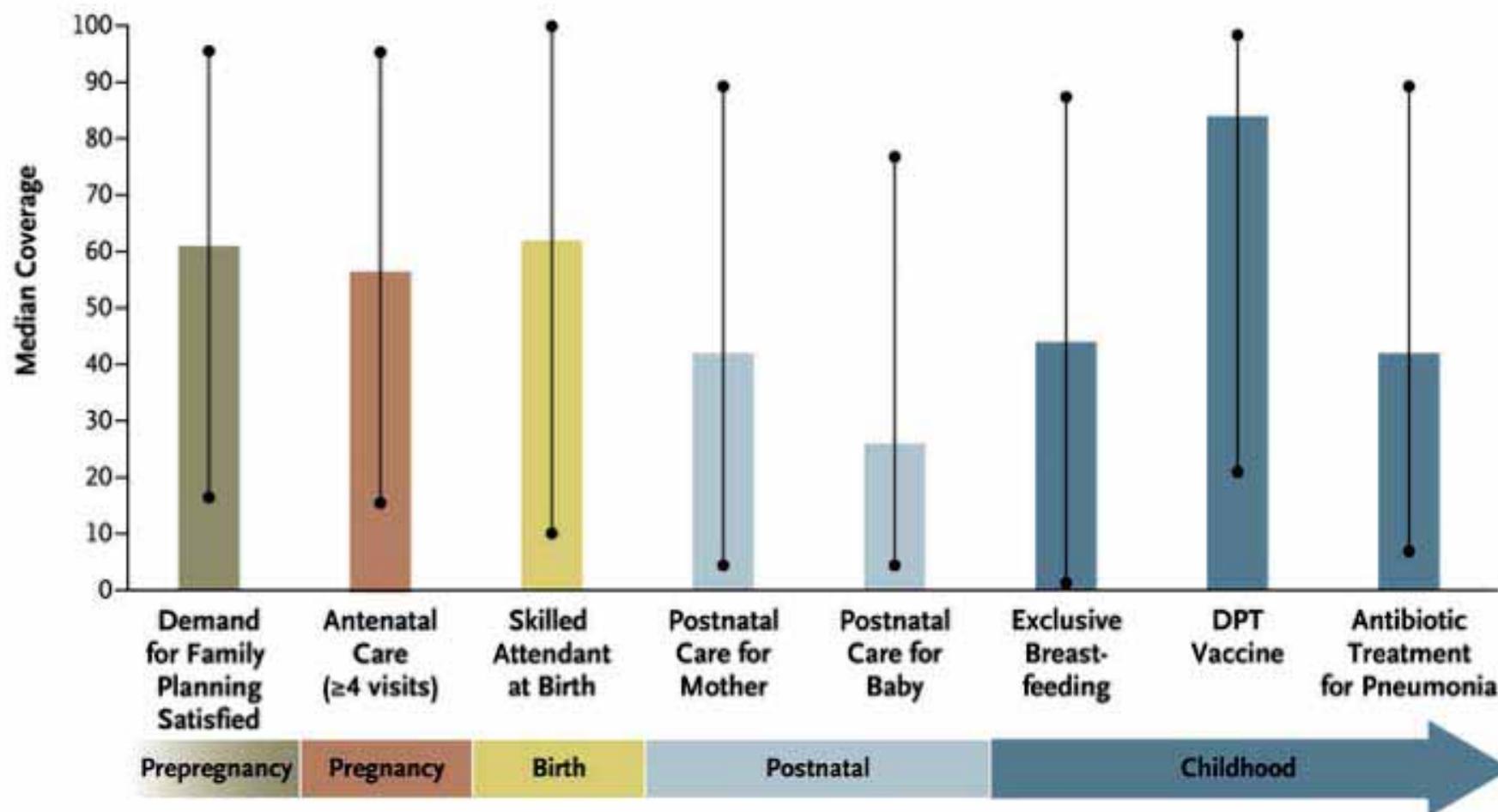
- “No discussion of global maternal, newborn, and child health is complete without addressing basic issues of social determinants”.
- World Health Organization.2008.

CAUSAS DE LAS CAUSAS...WHY?

- “Social determinants of health are the conditions in which people are born, grow, live, work, and age; these circumstances are shaped by the distribution of money, power and resources at global, national, and local levels.
- World Health Organization. 2008

COVERTURA DE LAS CAUSAS DE LAS CAUSAS EN LOS 75 PAISES DE LA INDIGNIDAD

(AGLUTINAN EL 95 % DE LA MORTALIDAD INFANTIL)



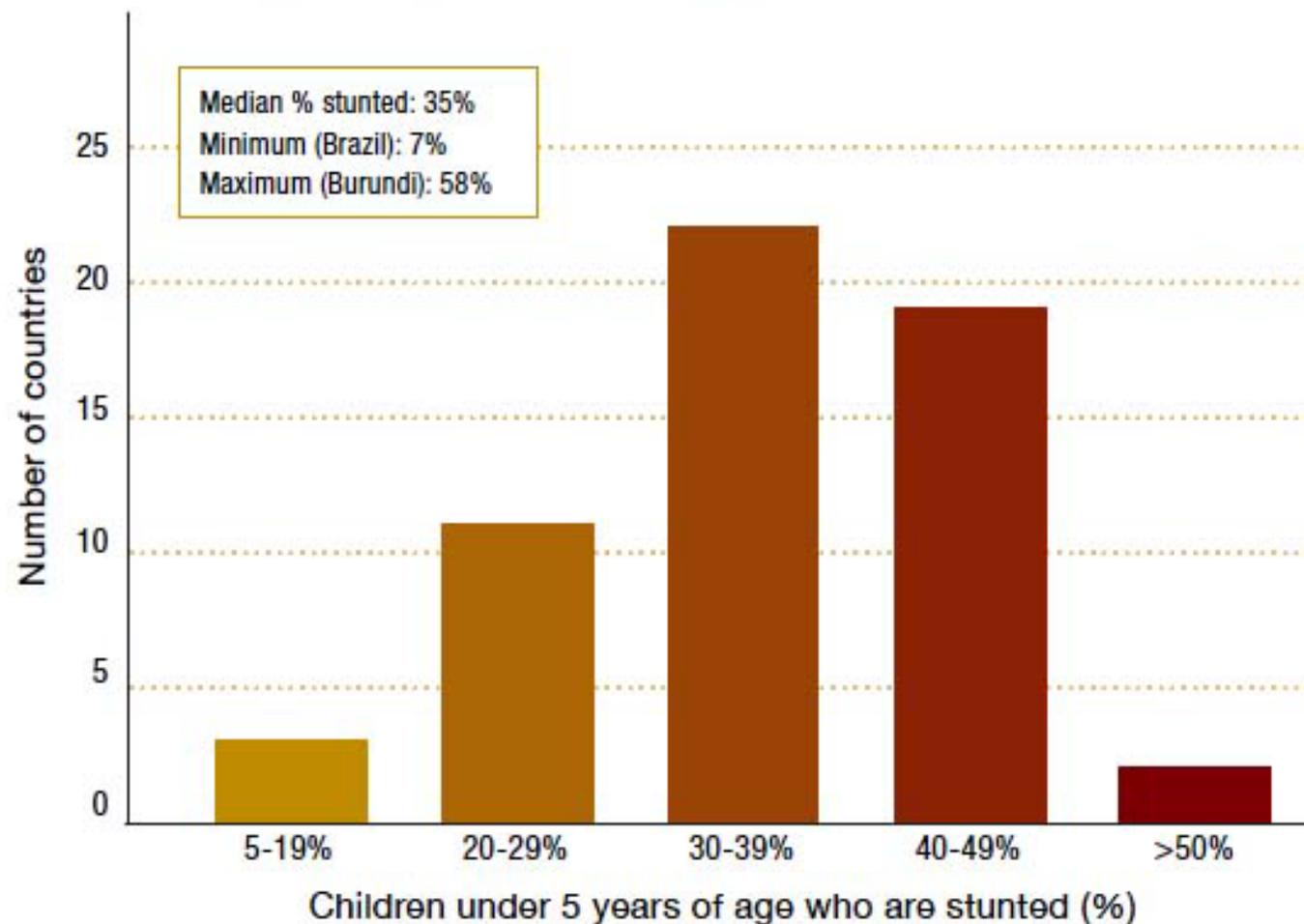
CAUSAS DE LAS CAUSAS



DESNUTRICION INFANTIL

Nº DE NACIONES EN RELACION CON LA PROPORCION DE NIÑOS DESNUTRIDOS

Children under 5 years of age who are stunted (%), 57 Countdown countries, 2007-2012†



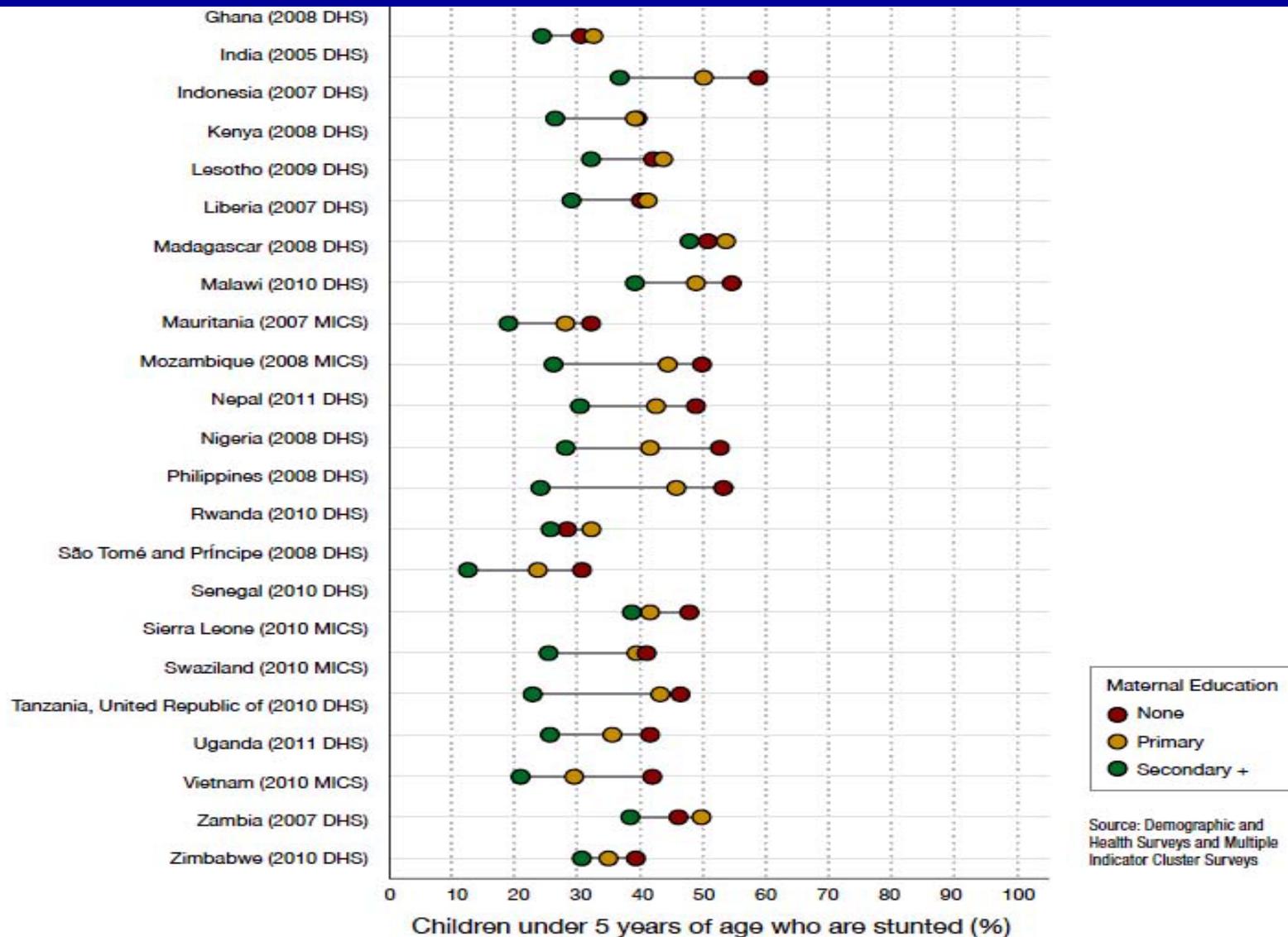
Source: UNICEF global databases, January 2013, based on Demographic and Health Surveys, Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys, and other household surveys

† Includes data from India, 2005-2006

CAUSAS DE LAS CAUSAS



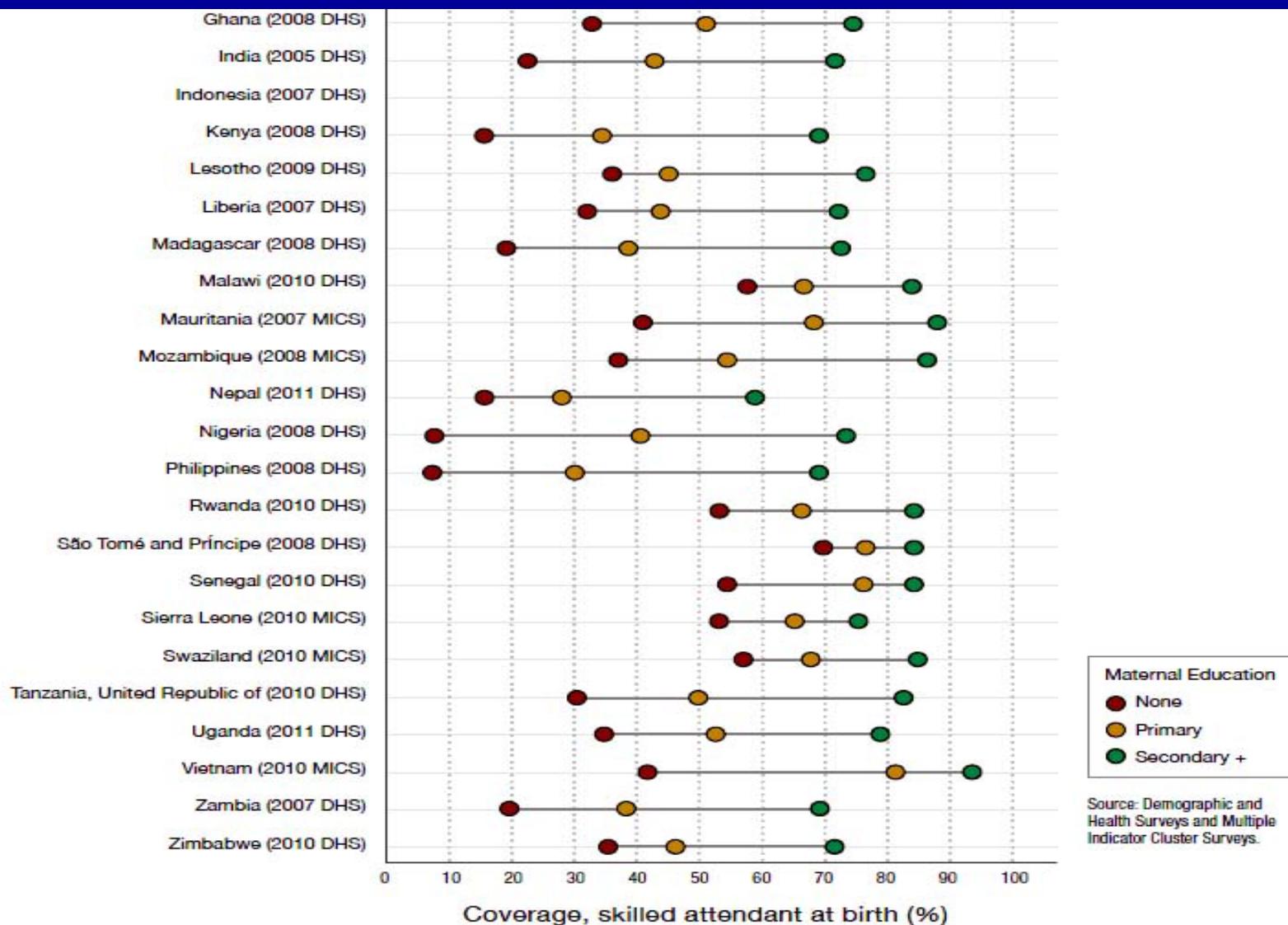
EDUCACION MATERNA RELACION CON LA DESNUTRICION INFANTIL



CAUSAS DE LAS CAUSAS

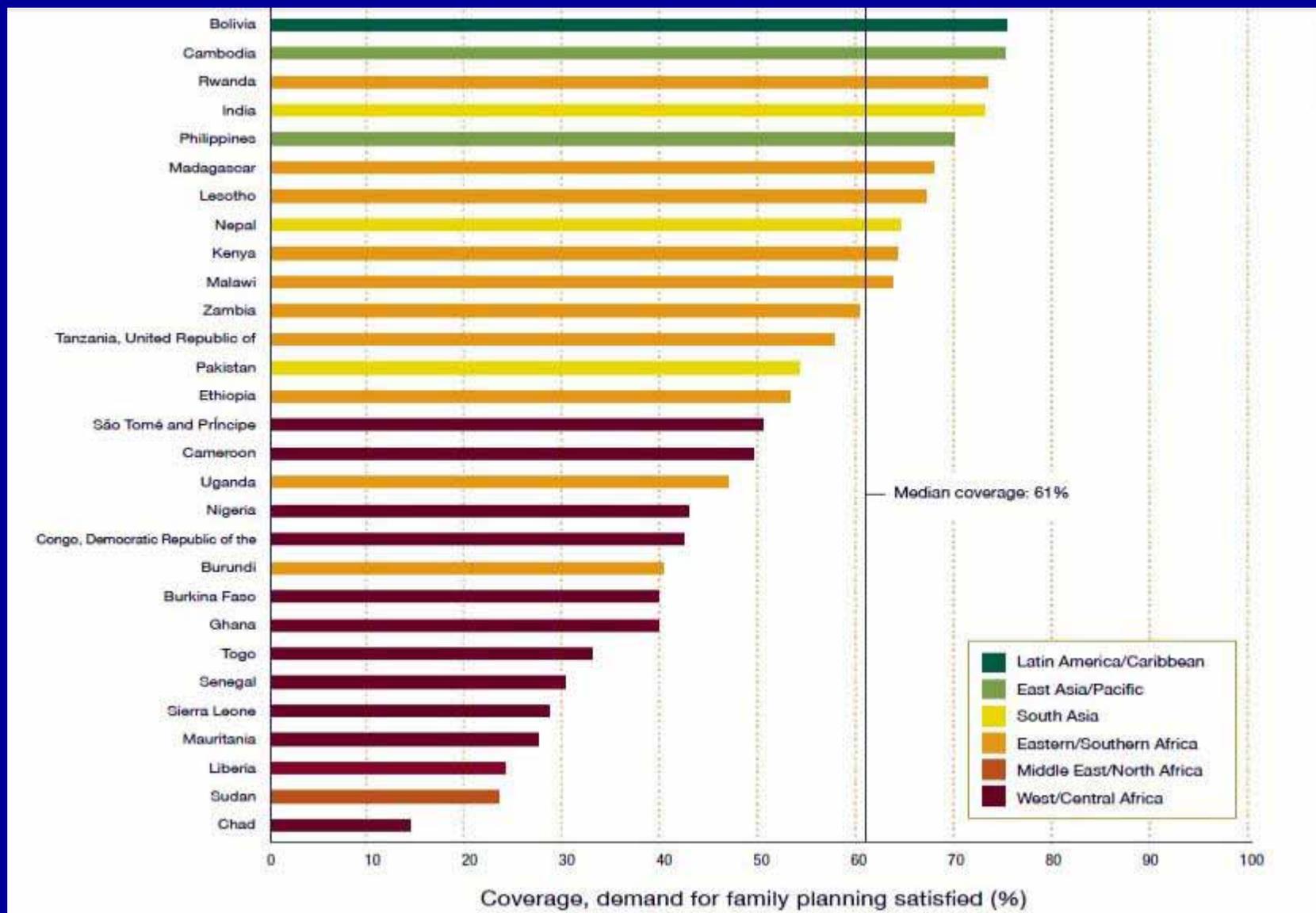


EDUCACION MATERNA RELACION CON LA ASISTENCIA AL PARTO



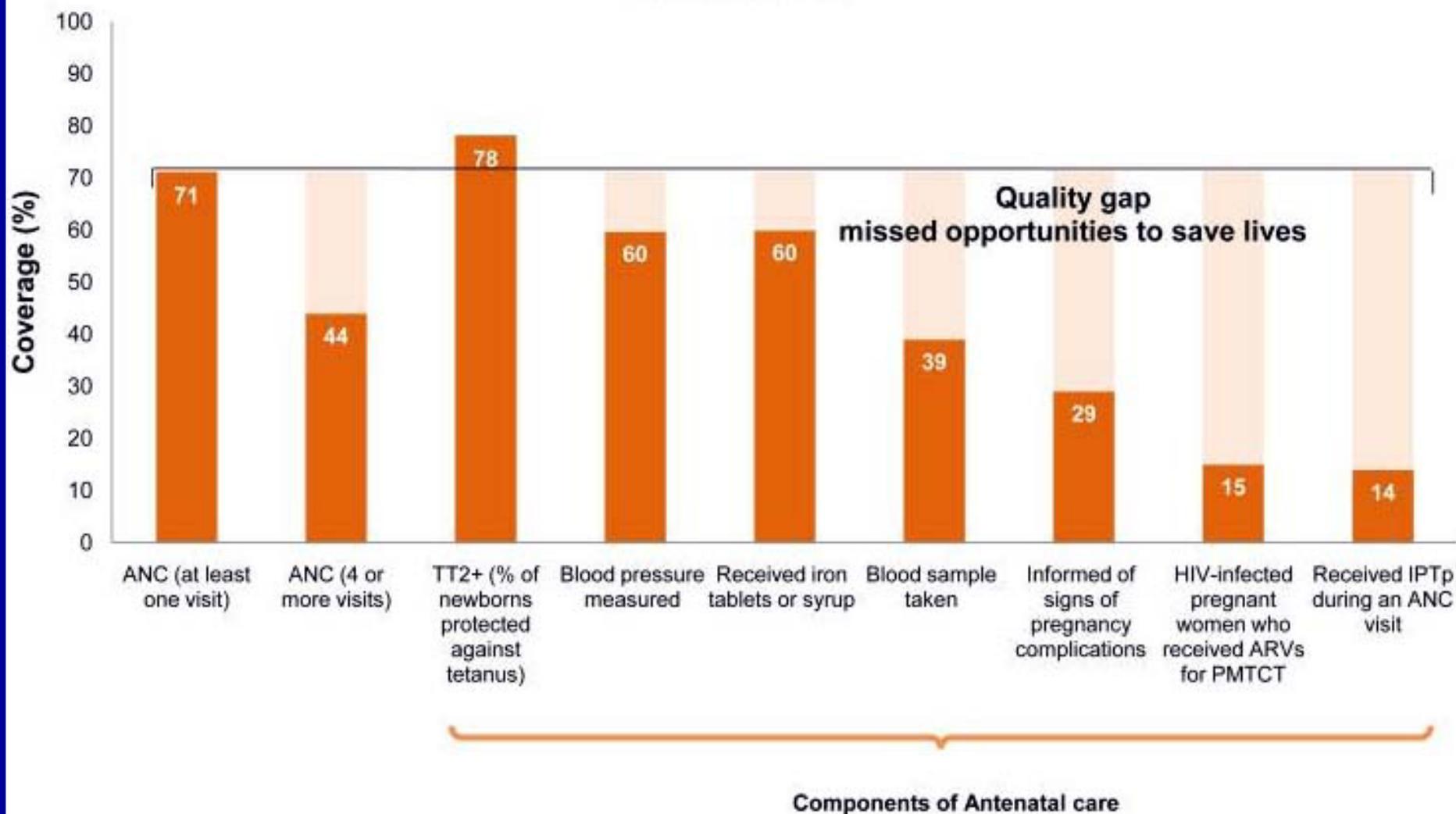
CAUSAS DE LAS CAUSAS

PLANIFICACION FAMILIAR



CUIDADOS PRENATALES

Quality gap for antenatal care in sub-Saharan Africa, around 2008



CAUSAS DE LAS CAUSAS ACCESO AL TRATAMIENTO DEL SIDA PREVENCIÓN DE LA TRANSMISIÓN MATERNOFETAL

Estimated antiretroviral coverage for preventing mother-to-child transmission for HIV-positive pregnant women who are treatment-eligible, in 19 of the 21 Countdown countries considered priority countries for eliminating mother-to-child transmission (2011)

Country	Prevention of mother-to child transmission, most efficacious regimens, [†] 2011 (%)	Prevention of mother-to-child transmission, range, 2011 (%)
South Africa	>95	>95->95
Swaziland	>95	86->95
Botswana	94	83->95
Zambia	86	74->95
Ghana	→ 75	61-90
Tanzania, United Republic of	74	65-85
Côte d'Ivoire	68	56-81
Kenya	67	59-75
Lesotho	62	55-70
Zimbabwe	54	48-62
Cameroon	→ 53	45-62
Malawi	53	46-61
Burundi	52	43-62
Mozambique	51	43-61
Uganda	→ 50	43-57
Ethiopia	24	20-28
Nigeria	18	15-21
Angola	16	10-24
Chad	→ 11	8-14

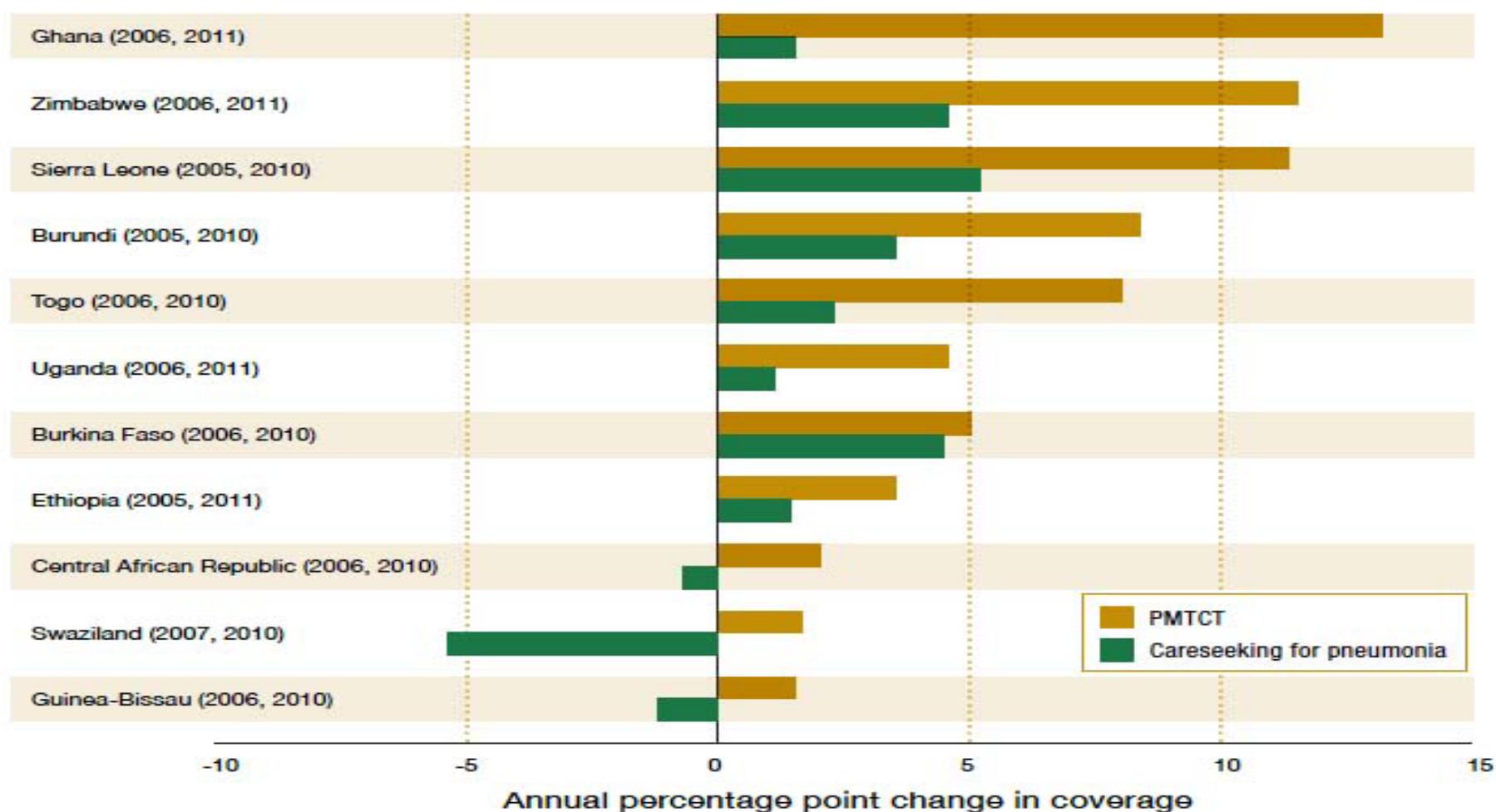
Source: UNAIDS, Report on the Global AIDS Epidemic, 2012, published via AIDSinfo

CAUSAS DE LAS CAUSAS

ACCESO AL TRATAMIENTO PEDIATRICO:

USO DE ANTIBIOTICOS O PREVENCION DE TRANSMISION DE HIV

Annual percentage point change in coverage for careseeking for childhood pneumonia and PMTCT over about 5 years; all Countdown countries with sufficient data (around 2005 and around 2010)



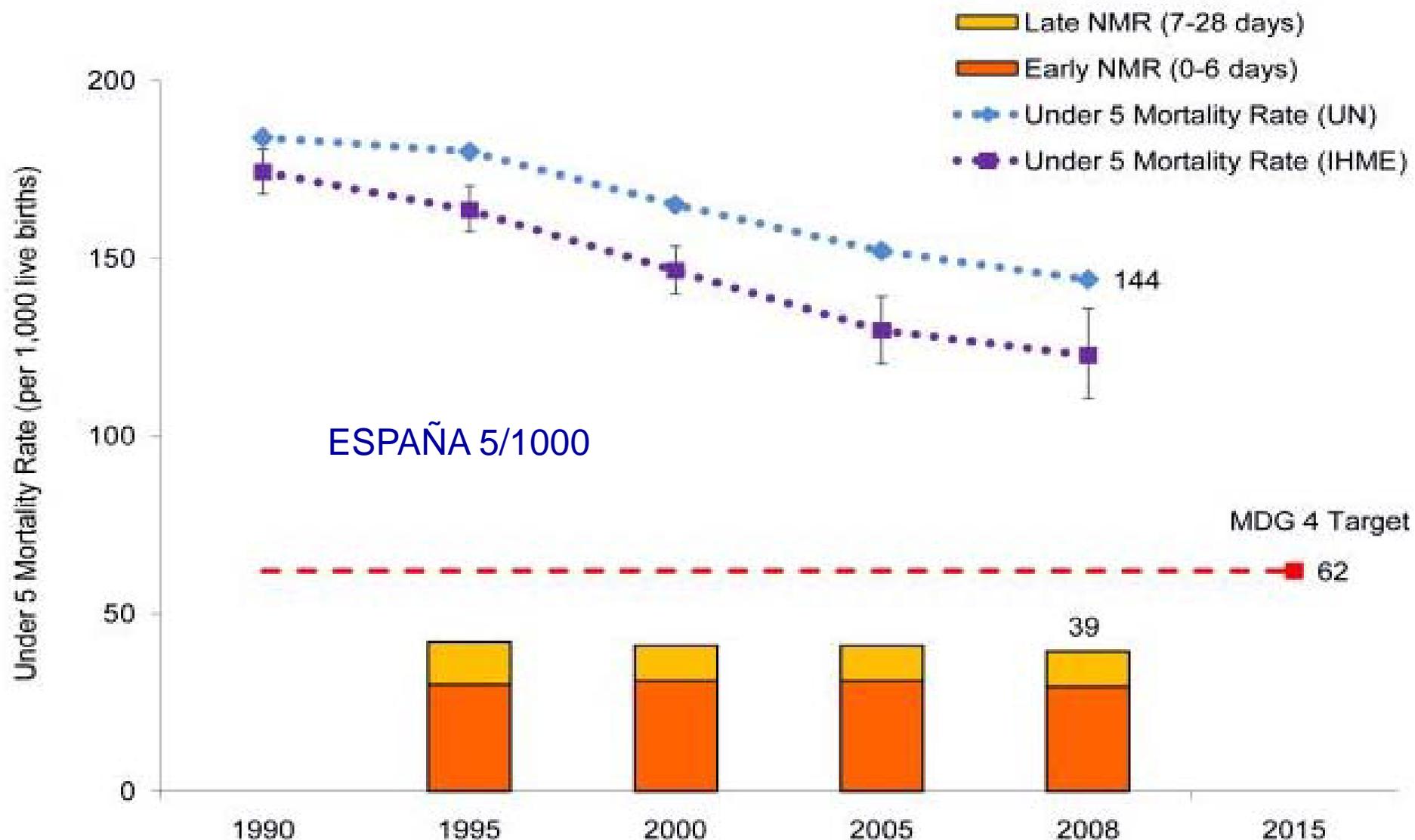
Sources: ARVs for PMTCT: UNAIDS, Report on the Global AIDS Epidemic, 2012, published via AIDSinfo; Careseeking for pneumonia: UNICEF global databases, January 2013,

CUMPLIMIENTO DE LOS OBJETIVOS DEL MILENIO 4 Y 5

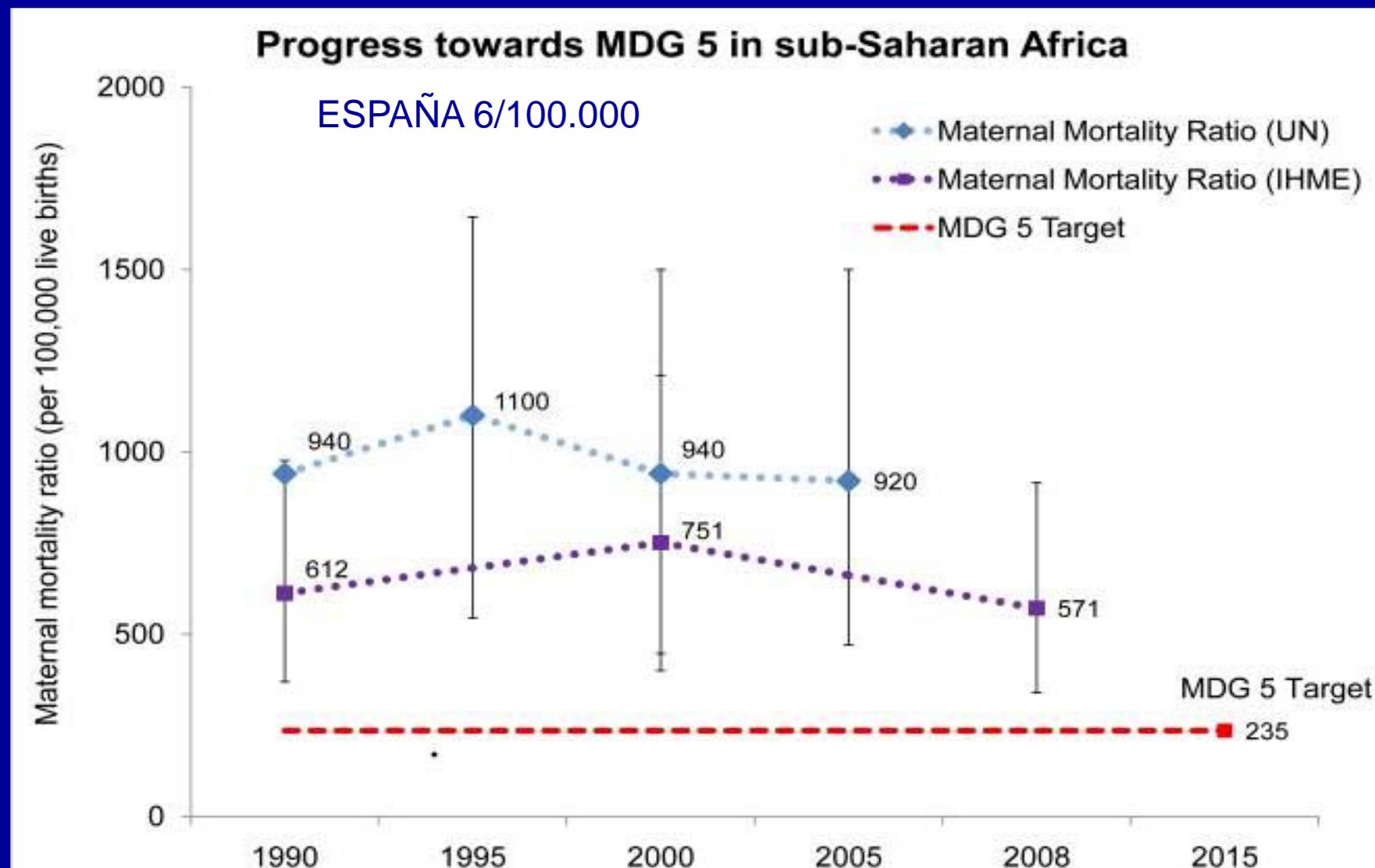


CUMPLIMIENTO DE LOS OBJETIVOS DEL MILENIO

Progress towards MDG 4 in sub-Saharan Africa



CUMPLIMIENTO DE LOS OBJETIVOS DEL MILENIO



Note: Trend comparison is uncertain as methodology has changed over time. The range lines indicate the uncertainty bounds of the data.

CUMPLIMIENTO DE LOS OBJETIVOS DEL MILENIO



REDUCCION DE LA MORTALIDAD INFANTIL

Reducing child mortality: Progress accelerating, but newborn deaths need action

Countdown countries, sorted by average annual rate of reduction 2000-2011†

Country or territory	Under-five mortality rate						% of under-5 deaths occurring in neonatal period (2011)
	Deaths per 1,000 live births			Average annual rate of reduction (%)			
	1990	2000	2011	1990-2011	1990-2000	2000-2011	
♥ Rwanda	156	183	54	5.1	-1.6	11.1	42%
Botswana	53	81	26	3.4	-4.3	10.4	43%
♥ China	49	35	15	5.8	3.3	7.9	58%
Cambodia	117	102	43	4.8	1.4	7.9	46%
Brazil	58	36	16	6.3	4.9	7.5	66%
Peru	75	39	18	6.8	6.6	7.0	51%
Egypt	86	44	21	6.7	6.6	6.8	35%
♥ Liberia	241	164	→ 78	5.4	3.9	6.7	36%
Senegal	136	130	→ 65	3.5	0.4	6.4	41%
♥ Malawi	227	164	→ 83	4.8	3.2	6.2	35%
Lao People's Democratic Republic	148	81	42	6.0	6.0	6.0	42%
Tanzania, United Republic of	158	126	68	4.0	2.2	5.7	40%
Zambia	193	154	83	4.0	2.3	5.6	37%
♥ Mexico	49	29	16	5.4	5.2	5.6	46%
Bangladesh	139	84	46	5.3	5.0	5.5	60%
Ethiopia	198	139	77	4.5	3.6	5.3	42%
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of	45	58	33	1.4	-2.5	5.0	52%
Niger	314	216	125	4.4	3.8	5.0	28%
Nepal	135	83	48	4.9	4.8	5.0	58%
Madagascar	161	104	62	4.6	4.4	4.8	38%
Mozambique	226	172	103	3.7	2.7	4.7	35%
Indonesia	82	53	32	4.5	4.4	4.6	40%
Morocco	81	53	33	4.3	4.3	4.3	56%
Bolivia	120	81	51	4.1	3.9	4.3	45%
♥ South Africa	62	74	47	1.4	-1.7	4.2	43%
Guatemala	78	48	30	4.5	4.8	4.2	49%
Zimbabwe	79	106	67	0.8	-2.9	4.1	46%
♥ Uganda	178	141	→ 90	3.3	2.4	4.1	33%
Vietnam	50	34	22	4.0	3.9	4.1	55%

CUMPLIMIENTO DE LOS OBJETIVOS DEL MILENIO

REDUCCION DE LA MORTALIDAD MATERNA

Countdown countries, sorted by average annual rate of reduction 2000-2010¹±

Country or territory	Maternal mortality ratio, modelled					
	Deaths per 100,000 live births			Average annual rate of reduction (%)		
	1990	2000	2010	1990-2010	1990-2000	2000-2010
♥ Rwanda	910	840	→ 340	4.9	0.9	8.7
Afghanistan	1300	1000	460	5.1	2.2	7.9
♥ Botswana	140	350	160	-0.7	-9.5	7.5
♥ Nepal	770	360	170	7.3	7.2	7.4
Cambodia	830	510	250	5.8	4.7	6.9
Ethiopia	950	700	350	4.9	2.9	6.9
Angola	1200	890	450	4.7	2.7	6.7
India	600	390	200	5.2	4.1	6.3
♥ Equatorial Guinea	1200	450	→ 240	7.9	9.6	6.2
Yemen	610	380	200	5.3	4.6	6.0
Malawi	1100	840	460	4.4	2.8	5.9
Lao People's Democratic Republic	1600	870	470	5.9	5.9	5.9
Tajikistan	94	120	65	1.8	-2.4	5.8
Peru	200	120	67	5.2	4.9	5.6
Vietnam	240	100	59	6.9	8.2	5.5
Bangladesh	800	400	240	5.9	6.6	5.2
♥ Liberia	1200	1300	770	2.4	-0.5	5.2
Uganda	600	530	310	3.2	1.2	5.1
Morocco	300	170	100	5.1	5.3	4.9
Madagascar	640	400	240	4.7	4.5	4.9
♥ China	120	61	37	5.9	6.8	4.9
Mexico	92	82	50	3.0	1.1	4.8
Eritrea	880	390	240	6.3	7.9	4.6
Tanzania, United Republic of	870	730	460	3.2	1.7	4.6
♥ Ghana	580	550	→ 350	2.6	0.5	4.5
Guinea	1200	970	610	3.4	2.4	4.5
Indonesia	600	340	220	4.9	5.4	4.4
Nigeria	1100	970	630	2.6	0.9	4.3

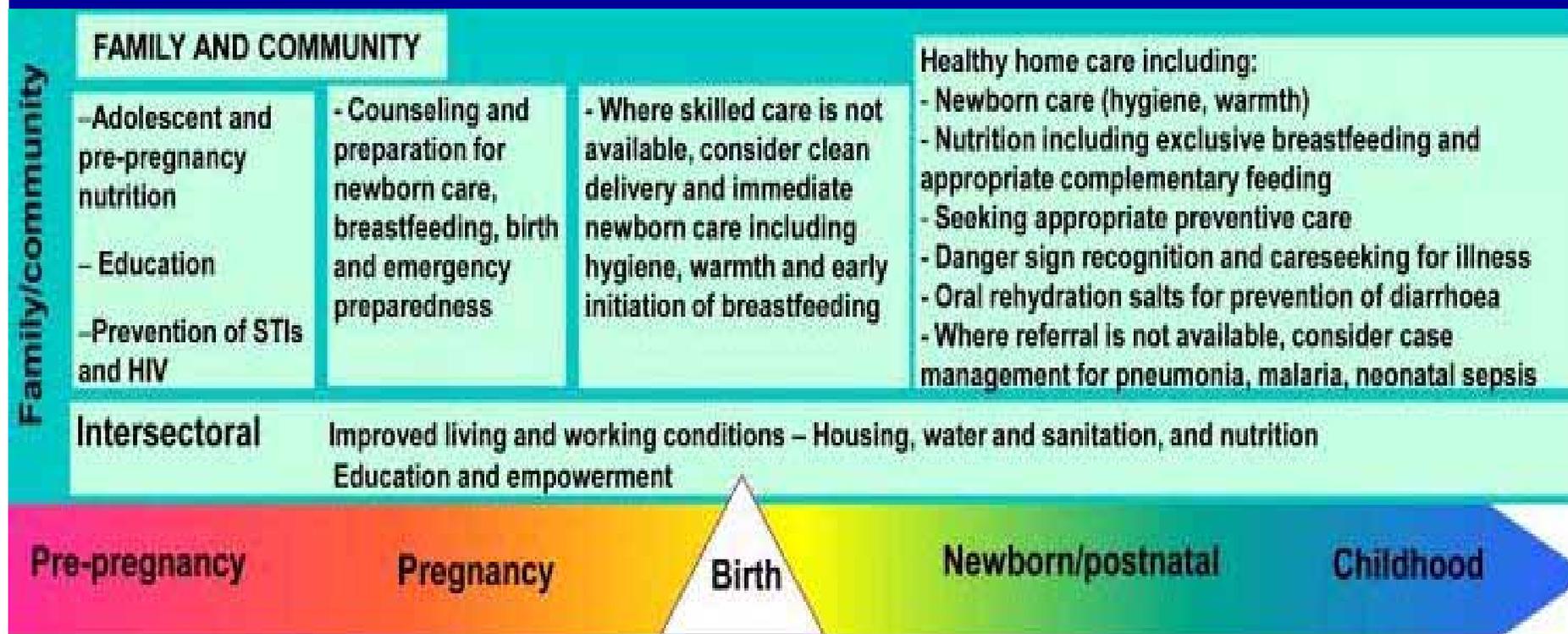
INTERVENCIONES EN LOS PAISES DE LA INDIGNIDAD CLINICAS Y AMBULATORIAS



Outreach/outpatient	REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Family planning - Prevention and management of STIs and HIV - Peri-conceptual folic acid 	ANTENATAL CARE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 4-visit focused package - IPTp and bednets for malaria - PMTCT 	POSTNATAL CARE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Promotion of healthy behaviours - Early detection of and referral for illness - Extra care of LBW babies - PMTCT for HIV 	CHILD HEALTH CARE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Immunizations, nutrition, e.g. Vitamin A and growth monitoring - IPTi and bednets for malaria - Care of children with HIV including cotrimoxazole - First level assessment and care of childhood illness (IMCI)
	Clinical	REPRODUCTIVE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Post-abortion care, TOP where legal - STI case management 	CHILDBIRTH CARE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Emergency obstetric care - Skilled obstetric care and immediate newborn care (hygiene, warmth, breastfeeding) and resuscitation - PMTCT 	EMERGENCY NEWBORN AND CHILD CARE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hospital care of newborn and childhood illness including HIV care - Extra care of preterm babies including kangaroo mother care - Emergency care of sick newborns

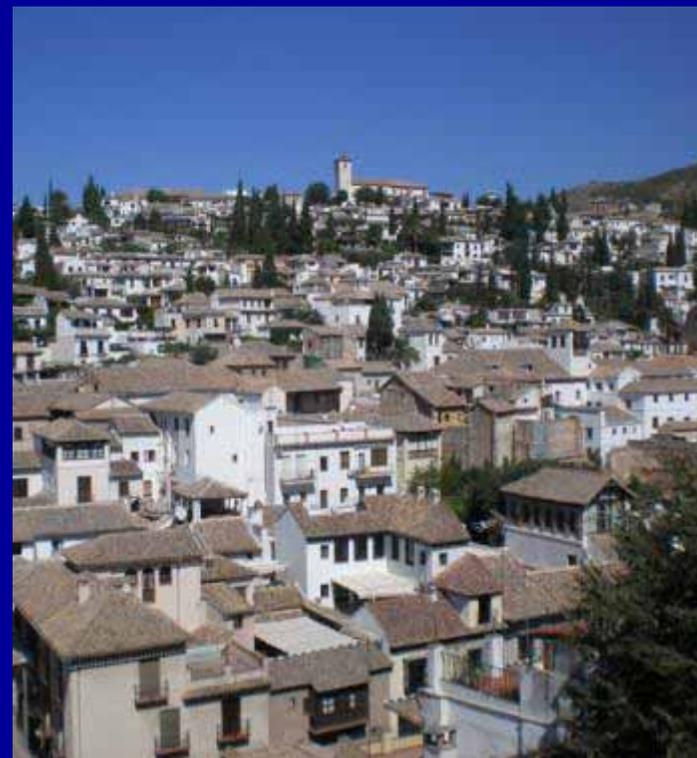
INTERVENCIONES EN LOS PAISES DE LA INDIGNIDAD

NIVEL COMUNITARIO



Juan Ciudad ONGD

- Creada en 1991 por la Orden Hospitalaria de San Juan de Dios.
- Juan Ciudad fundó el primer hospital “moderno” en Granada.
- La Orden Hospitalaria está presente hoy en todo el mundo



La OH en el mundo presta atención socio sanitaria en 52 países con 300 centros y hospitales en seis **categorías de intervención:**

Hospitales generales

Salud mental

Personas mayores

Dispensarios

Discapacidad

Personas sin hogar



Ámbito de actuación de JCONGD en el mundo:

27 país con 70 contrapartes



Objetivos

- Desarrollo Humano Sostenible.
- Facilitar acceso a la salud.
- Sensibilizar a la sociedad.
- Apoyar a las contrapartes.

Áreas de actuación

- Proyectos de desarrollo.
- Voluntariado
- Ayuda Humanitaria
- Sensibilización y Educación para el Desarrollo

Cada año JCONGD...

- Gestiona alrededor de **50 Proyectos** de Desarrollo.
- Envía una media de **30 contenedores** de Ayuda Humanitaria.
- Cuenta con **70 personas voluntarias**, la mayoría de ellas voluntarios internacionales.
- Realiza **campañas** de sensibilización en distintas CC.AA. y publica materiales de comunicación.

CIRUGIA PEDIATRICA EN AFRICA



Countdown to 2015

Maternal, Newborn & Child Survival

Liberia

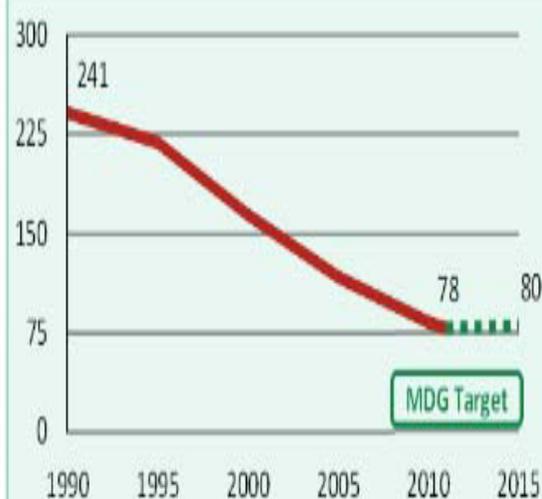
May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

Total population (000)	4,129	(2011)
Total under-five population (000)	696	(2011)
Births (000)	157	(2011)
Birth registration (%)	4	(2007)
Total under-five deaths (000)	12	(2011)
Neonatal deaths: % of all under-5 deaths	36	(2011)
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	27	(2011)
Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	58	(2011)
Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births)	27	(2008)
Total maternal deaths	1,200	(2010)
Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N)	24	(2010)
Total fertility rate (per woman)	5.2	(2011)
Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 women)	177	(2008)

Under-five mortality rate

Deaths per 1000 live births



Source: IGME 2012

Maternal mortality ratio

Deaths per 100,000 live births



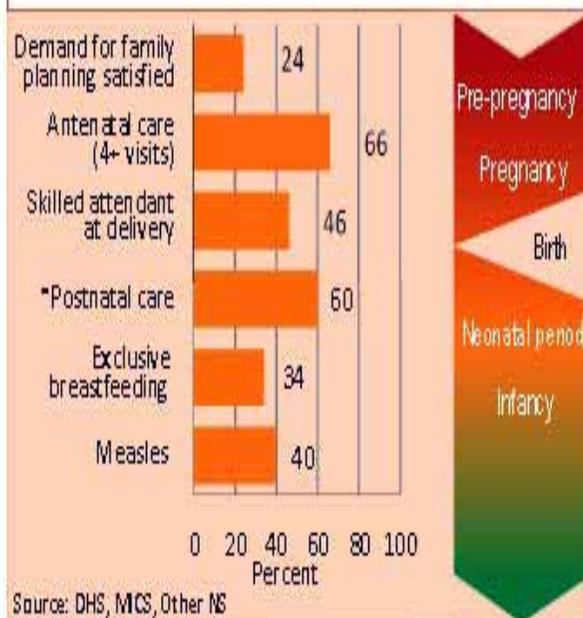
Source: MMEIG 2012

Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

LIBERIA

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

Coverage along the continuum of care

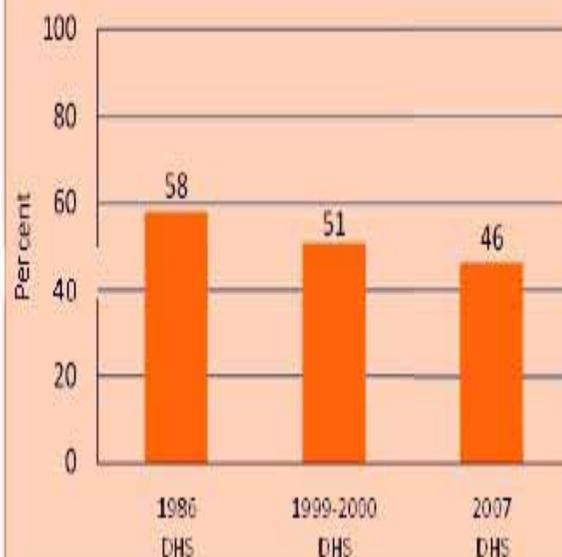


Source: DHS, MICS, Other NS

* See Annex/website for indicator definition

Skilled attendant at delivery

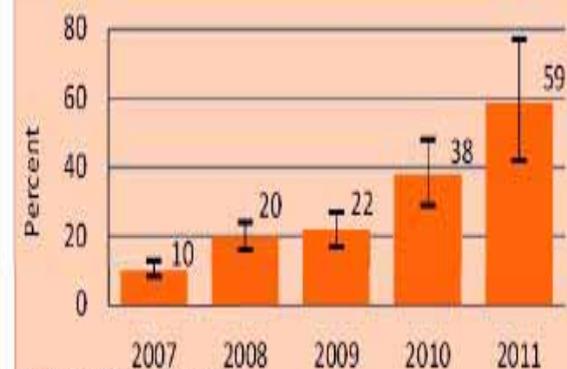
Percent live births attended by skilled health personnel



Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV

Eligible HIV+ pregnant women receiving ART for their own health (% of total ARVs)

■ Percent HIV+ pregnant women receiving ARVs for PMTCT
 I Uncertainty range around the estimate



Source: UNICEF/UNAIDS/WHO

Cause of death

Leading direct causes:

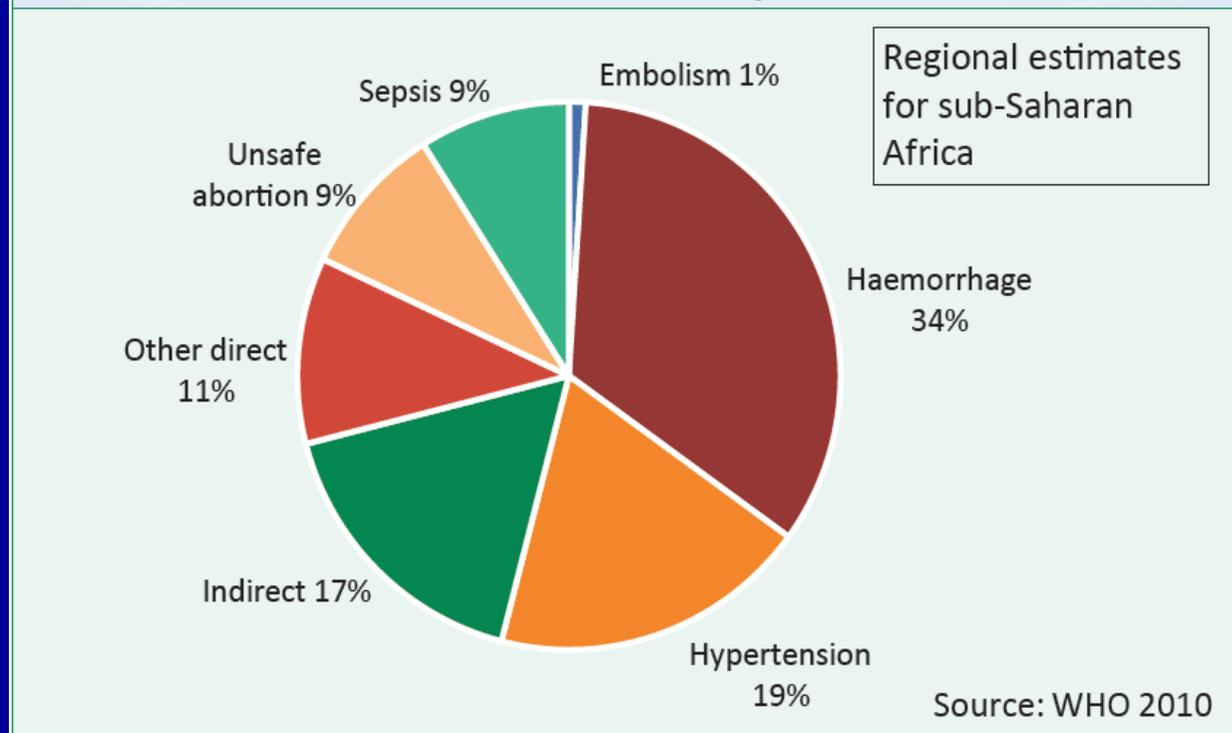
Haemorrhage – 34%

Hypertension – 19%

Sepsis – 9%

Unsafe abortion – 9%

Causes of maternal deaths, 1997-2007



Understanding the cause of death distribution is important for program development and monitoring

Cause of death

Leading causes:

Neonatal – 31%

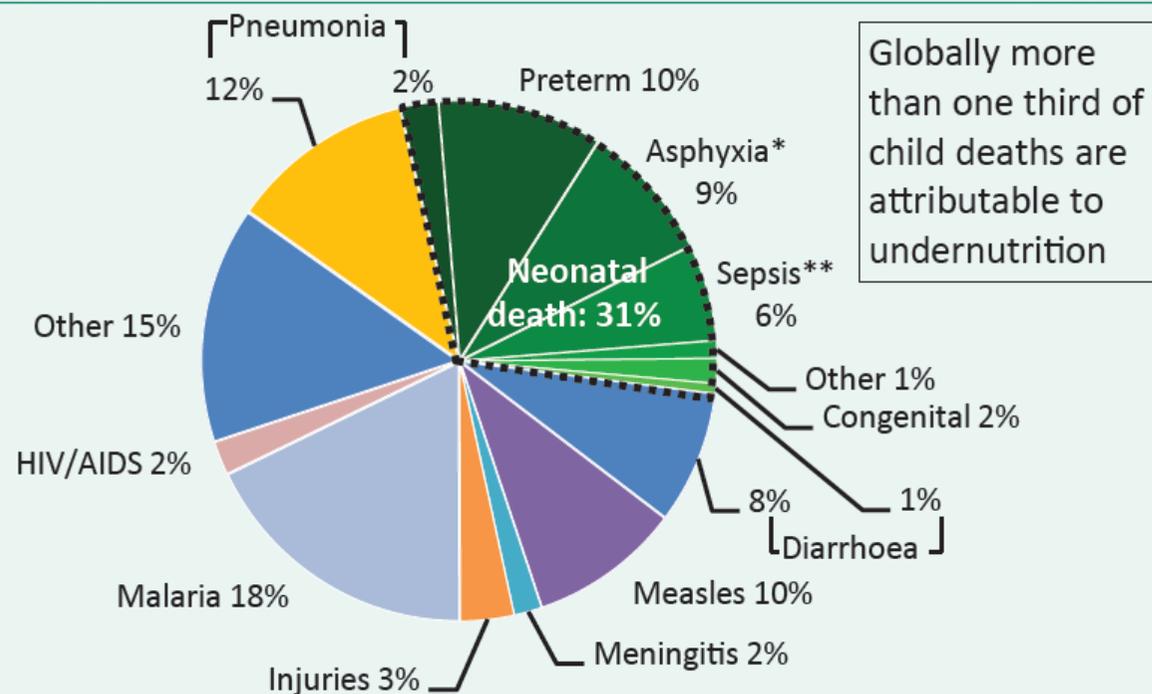
Malaria – 18%

Pneumonia – 12%

Measles – 10%

Diarrhoea – 8%

Causes of under-five deaths, 2010



Globally more than one third of child deaths are attributable to undernutrition

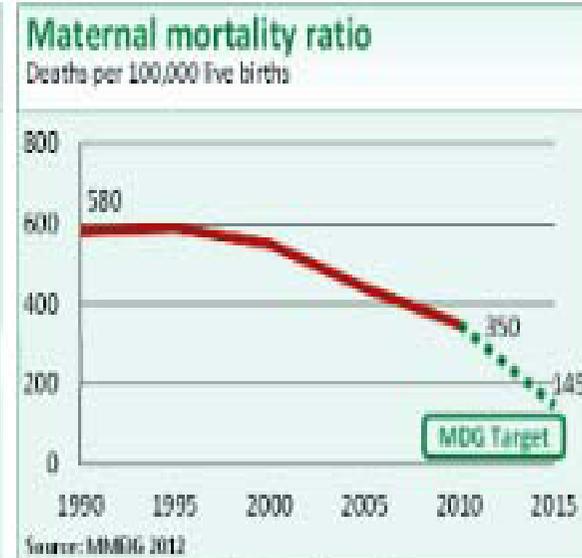
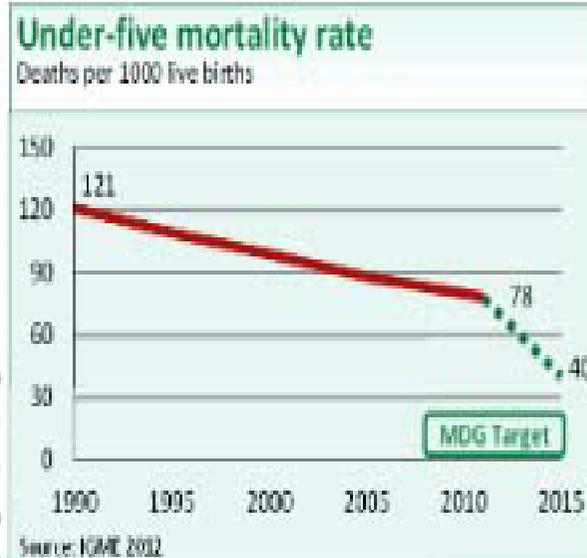
Source: WHO/CHERG 2012

*Intrapartum-related events **Sepsis/meningitis/tetanus

Undernutrition is a major underlying cause of child deaths

DEMOGRAPHICS

Total population (000)	24,966	(2011)
Total under-five population (000)	3,592	(2011)
Births (000)	776	(2011)
Birth registration (%)	63	(2011)
Total under-five deaths (000)	60	(2011)
Neonatal deaths: % of all under-5 deaths	38	(2011)
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	30	(2011)
Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	52	(2011)
Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births)	22	(2010)
Total maternal deaths	2,700	(2010)
Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N)	68	(2010)
Total fertility rate (per woman)	4.1	(2011)
Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 women)	70	(2010)

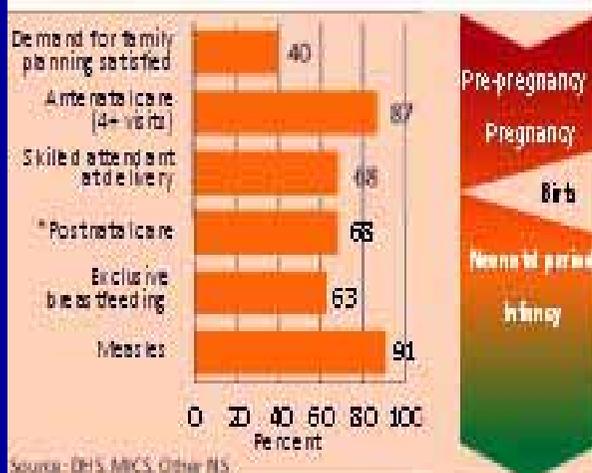


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

GHANA

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

Coverage along the continuum of care



Skilled attendant at delivery

Percent live births attended by skilled health personnel



Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV

Percentage HIV+ pregnant women receiving ART for their own health (% of total ARVs)

■ Percent HIV+ pregnant women receiving ARVs for PMCT
 ▭ Uncertainty range around the estimate

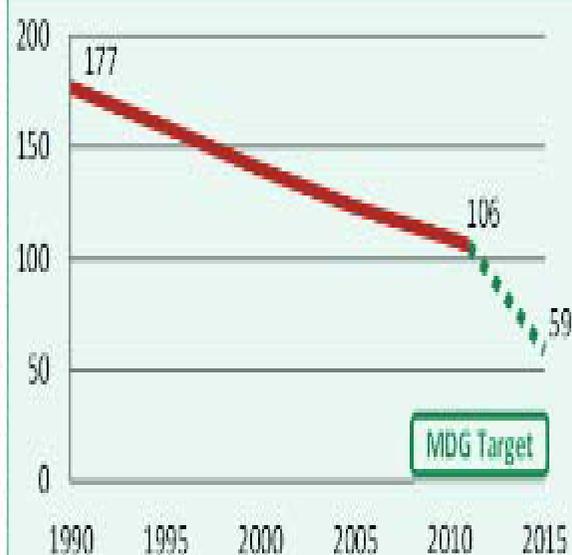


DEMOGRAPHICS

Total population (000)	9,100	(2011)
Total under-five population (000)	1,547	(2011)
Births (000)	356	(2011)
Birth registration (%)	60	(2008)
Total under-five deaths (000)	36	(2011)
Neonatal deaths: % of all under-5 deaths	30	(2011)
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	31	(2011)
Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	68	(2011)
Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births)	24	(2008)
Total maternal deaths	1,200	(2010)
Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N)	53	(2010)
Total fertility rate (per woman)	5.2	(2011)
Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 women)	114	(2004)

Under-five mortality rate

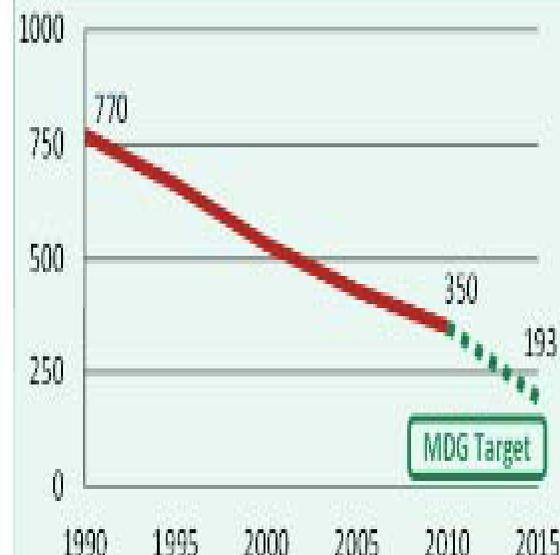
Deaths per 1000 live births



Source: IGME 2012

Maternal mortality ratio

Deaths per 100,000 live births



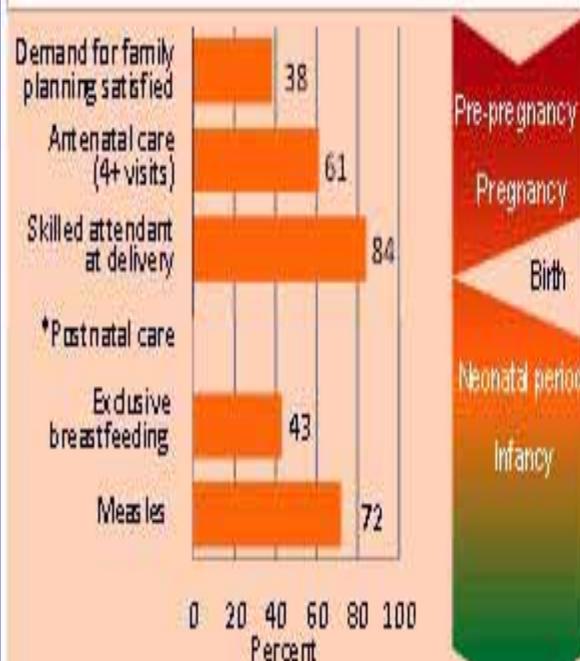
Source: MMEIG 2012

Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

BENIN

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH

Coverage along the continuum of care



Skilled attendant at delivery

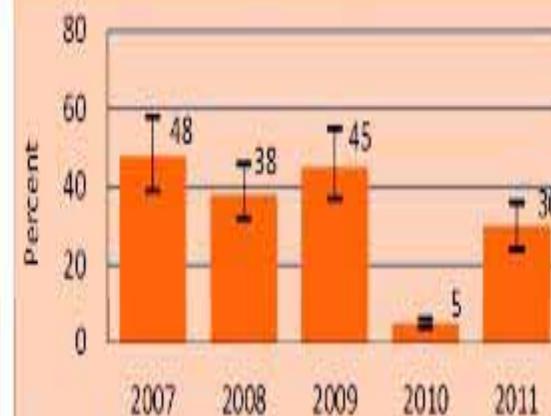
Percent live births attended by skilled health personnel



Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV

Eligible HIV+ pregnant women receiving ART for their own health (% of total ARVs)

■ Percent HIV+ pregnant women receiving ARVs for PMTCT
 ▭ Uncertainty range around the estimate



10 CAMPAÑAS DE CIRUGIA PEDIATRICA EN AFRICA



OBJETIVOS DE CADA PROYECTO

- ASISTENCIALES:
 - Revisión de los pacientes en la consulta externa y estudio preoperatorio.
 - Intervención quirúrgica.
 - Cuidados postoperatorios hasta el alta Hospitalaria.
- DOCENTES:
 - Curso intensivo de urgencias pediátricas.
 - Curso intensivo de Reanimación neonatal en la sala de Partos, para médicos y matronas.
 - Práctica de técnica quirúrgica en Cirugía Pediátrica con los cirujanos y enfermeros del centro hospitalario.
 - Curso de reanimación cardiopulmonar .

Tipos de Intervenciones Quirúrgicas:

- **MALFORMACIONES CONGENITAS GENITOURINARIAS**
- **SECUELAS DE TRAUMATISMOS Y QUEMADURAS.**
- **CIRUGIA DE LAS NEOPLASIAS DE ORGANOS SOLIDOS**
- **CIRUGIA NEONATAL**
- **OSTEOMIELITIS**
- **OBSTRUCCIONES INTESTINALES**
- **PERITONITIS Y ABCESOS**
- **MALFORMACIONES CONGENITAS DEL APARATO DIGESTIVO**



28.02.2009















25.02.2009





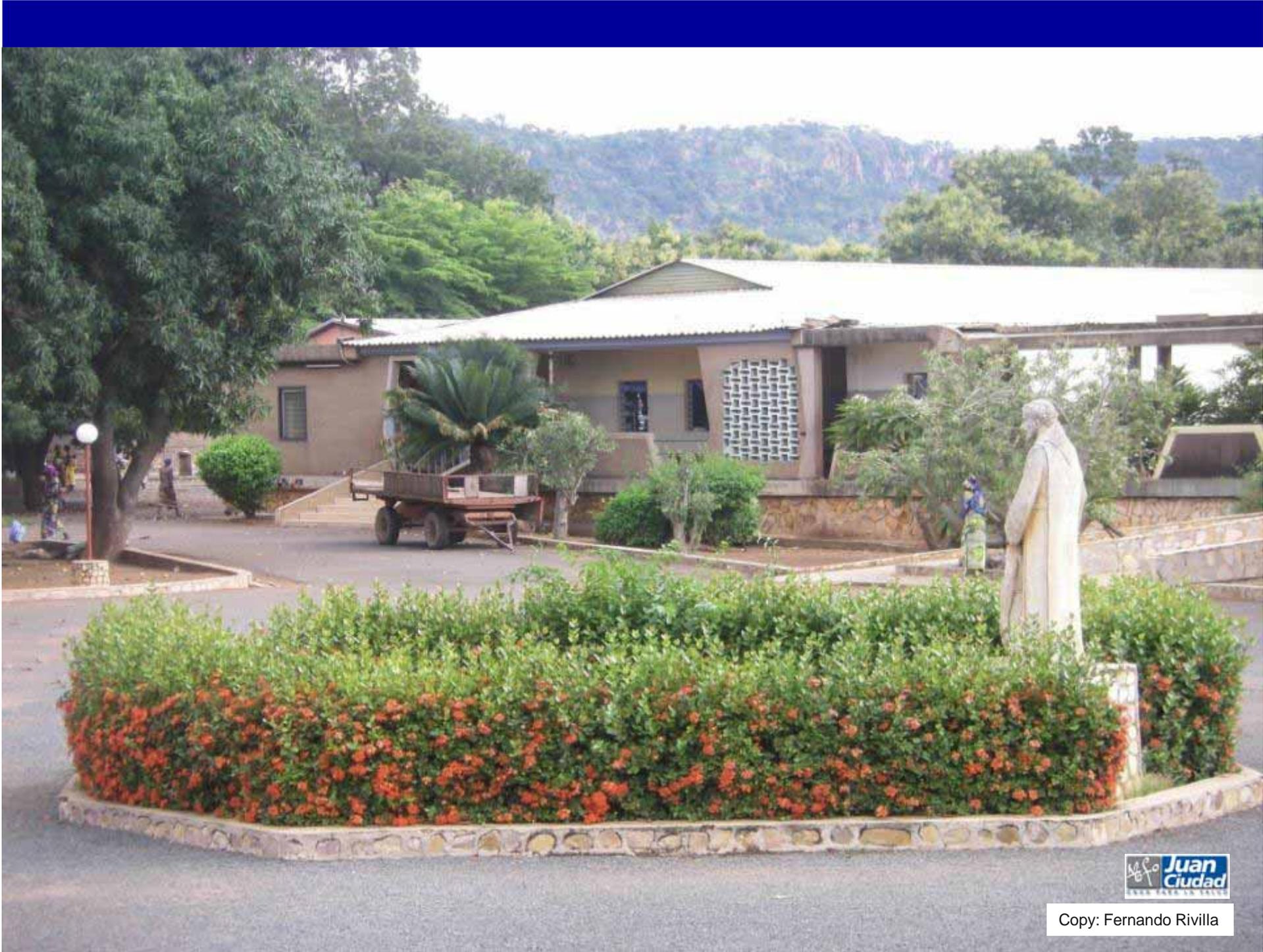




Cirugía Pediátrica en el Hospital de San Juan de Dios .
Tanguieta. BENIN



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11:12 1/OCT/2011



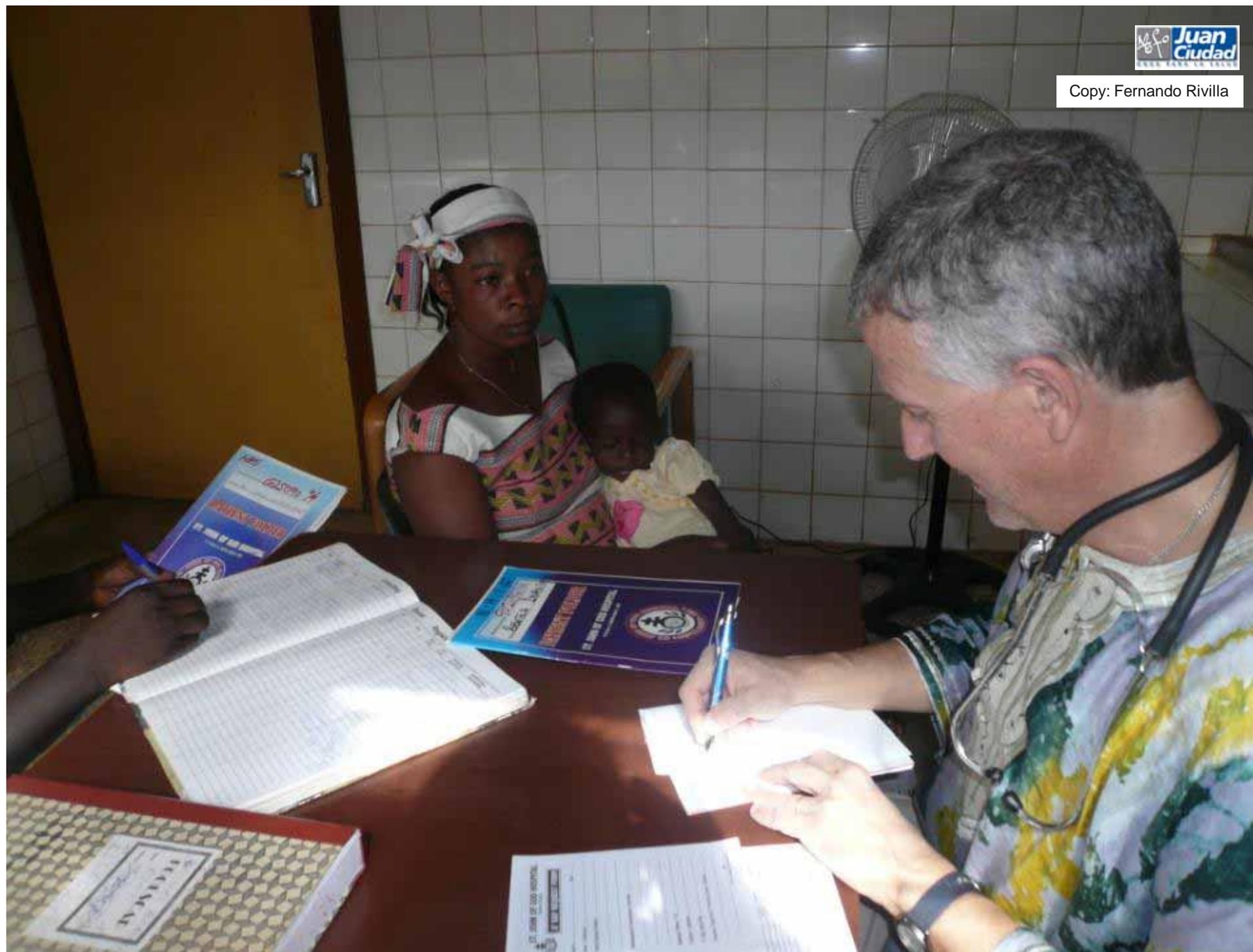








12:42 3/OCT/2011











9:26 26/SEP/2011





A photograph of a sign taped to a wall. The sign is white with black text. The wall is light-colored and has a decorative perforated metal grille above the sign. The sign is held in place by several pieces of yellowish tape. The text on the sign is 'CARING IS UNREWARDING' in a large, black, serif font. The sign is slightly wrinkled and has some damage, particularly around the letter 'R' in 'UNREWARDING'.

CARING IS UNREWARDING



20:12 5/OCT/2011





 Juan Ciudad

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TO GO FAST, GO ALONE.....BUT
TO GO FAR,GO TOGETHER.

Proverbio Africano

TO GO FAST, GO ALONE.....BUT TO GO FAR,GO TOGETHER.

Proverbio Africano



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Fuentes

<http://www.countdown2015mnch.org/reports-and-articles>

<http://www.who.int/es/>

<http://www.undp.org/content/undp/es/home.html>

Campaña de sensibilización de JCONGD:

www.madresconsalud.org

www.juanciudad.org